(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

> 股份代號:0151 Stock Code:0151

2019 Interim Report 中期報告



中國**赶赶控股有限公司** Want Want China Holdings Limited



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The English text of this interim report shall prevail over the Chinese text in case of any inconsistency. 本中期報告中英文如有歧義,概以英文本為準。

LEGAL NAME OF THE COMPANY

Want Want China Holdings Limited

PLACE OF LISTING AND TRADING CODE

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Stock code: 0151 Guaranteed Bonds: 5446 (WANT WANT B2204)

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Tsai Shao-Chung (re-designated as an executive Director on 1 July 2019)
Mr. Tsai Wang-Chia (Chief Operating Officer)
Mr. Huang Yung-Sung (Chief Marketing Officer)
Mr. Chu Chi-Wen (Chief Financial Officer)
Mr. Tsai Ming-Hui
Ms. Lai Hong Yee

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Liao Ching-Tsun (*Vice Chairman*) Mr. Maki Haruo Mr. Cheng Wen-Hsien

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Toh David Ka Hock Dr. Pei Kerwei Mr. Lee Kwang-Chou *(passed away on 19 June 2019)* Mr. Hsieh Tien-Jen Mr. Lee Kwok Ming Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang *(appointed on 21 August 2019)*

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lai Hong Yee

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Toh David Ka Hock *(Chairman)* Dr. Pei Kerwei Mr. Lee Kwang-Chou *(passed away on 19 June 2019)* Mr. Hsieh Tien-Jen Mr. Lee Kwok Ming Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang *(appointed on 21 August 2019)*

公司法定名稱

中國旺旺控股有限公司

上市地點及代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司 股份代號:0151 有擔保債券:5446 (WANT WANT B2204)

董事

執行董事

蔡衍明先生(主席及行政總裁) 蔡紹中先生 (於2019年7月1日調任執行董事) 蔡旺家先生(首席營運官) 黃永松先生(市場營銷長) 朱紀文先生(財務總監) 蔡明輝先生 黎康儀女士

非執行董事

廖清圳先生(*副主席)* 槇春夫先生 鄭文憲先生

獨立非執行董事

卓家福先生 貝克偉博士 李光舟先生(於2019年6月19日辭世) 謝天仁先生 李國明先生 潘志強先生(於2019年8月21日獲委任)

公司秘書

黎康儀女士

審核及風險管理委員會

卓家福先生(*主席)* 貝克偉博士 李光舟先生(於2019年6月19日辭世) 謝天仁先生 李國明先生 潘志強先生(於2019年8月21日獲委任)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Toh David Ka Hock *(Chairman)* Dr. Pei Kerwei Mr. Lee Kwang-Chou *(passed away on 19 June 2019)* Mr. Tsai Shao-Chung Mr. Hsieh Tien-Jen Mr. Lee Kwok Ming Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang *(appointed on 21 August 2019)*

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Pei Kerwei *(Chairman)* Mr. Toh David Ka Hock Mr. Lee Kwang-Chou *(passed away on 19 June 2019)* Mr. Tsai Shao-Chung Mr. Hsieh Tien-Jen Mr. Lee Kwok Ming Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang *(appointed on 21 August 2019)*

STRATEGY COMMITTEE

Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng (*Chairman*) Mr. Liao Ching-Tsun Mr. Tsai Shao-Chung (*appointed on 1 July 2019*) Mr. Tsai Wang-Chia Mr. Huang Yung-Sung Mr. Chu Chi-Wen Mr. Tsai Ming-Hui Ms. Lai Hong Yee Dr. Pei Kerwei Mr. Hsieh Tien-Jen Mr. Lee Kwok Ming Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang (*appointed on 21 August 2019*)

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

LEGAL ADVISOR

Sullivan & Cromwell (Hong Kong) LLP

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited China Merchants Bank Co., Limited Citigroup Inc. CTBC Bank Co., Ltd, Hong Kong Branch

薪酬委員會

卓家福先生(*主席*) 貝克偉博士 李光舟先生(於2019年6月19日辭世) 蔡紹中先生 謝天仁先生 李國明先生 潘志強先生(於2019年8月21日獲委任)

提名委員會

貝克偉博士(*主席*) 卓家福先生 李光舟先生(於2019年6月19日辭世) 蔡紹中先生 謝天仁先生 李國明先生 潘志強先生(於2019年8月21日獲委任)

策略委員會

蔡衍明先生(主席)
廖清圳先生
蔡紹中先生(於2019年7月1日獲委任)
蔡旺家先生
黃永松先生
朱紀文先生
蔡明輝先生
黎康儀女士
貝克偉博士
謝天仁先生
李國明先生
潘志強先生(於2019年8月21日獲委任)

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

法律顧問

蘇利文•克倫威爾律師事務所(香港) 有限法律責任合夥

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 花旗集團 中國信託商業銀行股份有限公司香港分行

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chu Chi-Wen Ms. Lai Hong Yee

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Principal

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road, P.O. Box 1586 Grand Cayman, KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACES OF BUSINESS AND ADDRESS OF HEADQUARTERS

Unit 918, 9/F, Mira Place Tower A 132 Nathan Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon Hong Kong

400 Orchard Road #17-05 Orchard Towers Singapore 238875

WEBSITE

www.want-want.com

QUICK RESPONSE CODE



法定代表

朱紀文先生 黎康儀女士

股份過戶登記處

總處

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road, P.O. Box 1586 Grand Cayman, KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

香港分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

註冊辦事處

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

主要營業地點及總部地址

香港 九龍尖沙咀彌敦道132號 美麗華廣場A座9樓918室

400 Orchard Road #17-05 Orchard Towers Singapore 238875

網址

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二維條碼



			Unau 未經 Six mont 30 Sep 截至9月30	Change 變動	
			2019	2018	
Key income statement items	主要收益表項目		RMB'000	RMB'000	%
		Y	、民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Revenue	收益	ç	9,304,071	9,248,125	+0.6
Gross profit	毛利		4,550,046	4,116,942	+10.5
Operating profit	營運利潤		2,053,767	1,772,352	+15.9
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人				
of the Company	應佔利潤		1,614,913	1,364,413	+18.4
					% point
Key financial ratios	主要財務比率		%	%	個百分點
Gross profit margin	毛利率		48.9	44.5	+4.4
Operating profit margin	營運利潤率		22.1	19.2	+2.9
Margin of profit attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人				
holders of the Company	應佔利潤率		17.4	14.8	+2.6
			Six months	ended	Year ended
				tember	31 March
				2019	2019
			截至	2019年	截至2019年
			9	月 30 日	3月31日
			Ц	L六個月	止年度
					(Restated) (經重列)
Key operating ratios	主要營運比率				
Inventory turnover days	存貨周轉天數			94 ⁽¹⁾	80
Trade receivables turnover days	貿易應收款周轉天數			19 ⁽²⁾	19
Trade payables turnover days	貿易應付款周轉天數			43 ⁽¹⁾	37
⁽¹⁾ The calculation of inventory and is based on the average of the divided by cost of sales and mul	d trade payables turnover days opening and closing balances	(1)		易應付款周轉 結餘的平均數 天。	
⁽²⁾ The calculation of trade receiva the average of the opening an	d closing balances divided by	(2)		款周轉天數的詞 平均數除以收益	

revenue and multiplied by 180 days.

2019中期報告 INTERIM REPORT 5

SUMMARY

During the period from 1 April 2019 to 30 September 2019 (the "first half of 2019FY"), total revenue of the Group amounted to RMB9,304.1 million, representing an increase of 0.6% as compared with that of the period from 1 April 2018 to 30 September 2018 (the "first half of 2018FY"). Core products (Hot-Kid Milk, core-brand rice crackers, candies and beans, iellies and others) which, in aggregate, contributed around 85% of the Group's total revenue posted a mid-single-digit revenue growth rate. Benefiting from the product mix optimization and the decrease in the cost of certain key raw materials, the Group's gross profit margin for the first half of 2019FY increased by 4.4 percentage points year-on-year to 48.9%. The operating expense (the aggregate of distribution costs and administrative expenses) as a percentage of revenue was 28.5% and increased by 4.0% year-on-year to RMB2,655.6 million. The operating profit (excluding other income and other gains – net) increased by 21.2% to RMB1,894.5 million as compared with that of the same period in the previous year.

As a result, the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company in the first half of 2019FY increased by 18.4% as compared with that of the same period in the previous year and reached RMB1,614.9 million. The margin of profit attributable to equity holders of the Company increased by 2.6 percentage points to 17.4%.

Summary of operating strategies

In recent years, the Group initiated a diversified digital marketing approach which strengthened its brand image and enabled it to keep up with the trend and interact with consumers. As this year marks the 70th anniversary of the China's National Day as well as the 40th anniversary of the establishment of the image of "Hot-Kid" IP, the Group launched promotion events with the Hot-Kid IP images of 56 ethnic groups as the theme and received positive responses and praises from consumers online and offline. At the same time, the Group actively extended the point-of-sale coverage of its emerging channels and expanded the overseas markets to cover more consumer groups. The Group, by taking into account the consumers' personalized demands, defined the requirements of its brands, upgraded its products and introduced new products which enabled the Group to enhance its presence in the relatively untracked market segments. Those new products with special features have gradually become a revenue growth driver of the Group.

概覽

2019年4月1日至9月30日期間(「2019財年 上半年」)集團總收益達93.041億人民幣, 較2018年4月1日至9月30日期間(「2018 財年上半年」)增長0.6%:其中佔集團總收 益比近85%的核心產品(旺仔牛奶、米果 主品牌、糖果、豆類、果凍及其他等)成 長中個位數。得益於產品結構優化及大宗 原物料價格回落,集團2019財年上半年毛 利率較去年同期上升4.4個百分點,達到 48.9%。營業費用(分銷成本與行政費用合 計)佔收益比率28.5%,較去年同期上升 4.0%達到26.556億人民幣。營運利潤(剔 除其他收入及其他收益-淨額)較去年同 期上升21.2%達到18.945億人民幣。

綜上所述,2019 財年上半年本公司權益持 有人應佔利潤額較去年同期上升18.4%達 到16.149億人民幣,本公司權益持有人應 佔利潤率上升2.6個百分點達到17.4%。

經營策略簡述

近年來集團透過多元的數位行銷模式,增 強品牌形象,使之能與時俱進且與消費者 產生情感互動。今年適逢中國國慶70周 年,亦是「旺仔」IP形象誕生40周年之際, 集團透過以56個民族旺仔IP形象為三條 的推局時集團積極拓展新興渠道布點及 計局時集團積極拓展新興渠道布點及 對者的個性化需求,定義品牌訴求,透過 產品的升級和推陳出新,覆蓋相對空白的 細分領域。特色新產品現已逐步成為集團 收益增長點。

SUMMARY (continued)

Channel diversification

In the first half of 2019FY, the Group's core products (which, in aggregate, contributed around 85% of the Group's total revenue) achieved a mid-to-high single-digit revenue growth rate in terms of sales through the wholesale channels. Through brand marketing, the Group maintained the activeness of "Want Want" in the consumers' horizon. Through further channel penetration and collective efforts in both online and offline channels, our sales network coverage was strengthened. By maintaining the order in market price, channel profitability was safeguarded and distributors' confidence was enhanced. Strengthened support services at retail stores and the launch of a code scanning lucky draw event (with the code printed inside the box) with high winning rate helped to boost retail sales momentum. Inventory management was improved to ensure the freshness of our products on shelves and enhance our product competitiveness.

In the first half of 2019FY, the Group achieved a mid-to-high single-digit revenue growth rate in overseas markets. This was attributable mainly to its strong brand recognition and large variety of product offering. In the future, the Group will further optimize its overseas market footprint and focus on local channel development so as to promote Want Want's brand, and export its delicious products to every corner of the world.

Brand building and upgrade of products

The Group focuses on brand building and positions its brands according to consumers' age and their differentiated needs so as to serve the precise target customer groups. "Baby Mum-Mum" is a maternal and child brand specifically designed for babies and toddlers, which has earned the trust of young mothers for its quality assurance of product safety and healthiness and of ingredients that are suitable for the growth of babies and toddlers. Brands such as "Fix Body", "Queen Alice", "Mr. Bond" and "Shi Ji Yan" (食技研) are brands with distinctive characteristics for capturing the preferences of youngsters (i.e. in pursuit of innovation and changes, keen on keeping fit and keeping up with fashion trends). Meanwhile, the Group also attends to the demands of middle-aged and elderly people for nutrients in food and provides products tailored for them under the brand, namely "Prime of Love" (愛至尊).

Further, the Group also places great importance on innovation and bringing in new products as well as product optimization and upgrade. New products launched in recent years have become an important source of revenue for the Group. These products include the brown-sugar coated crackers and "Tian She Mi Shao" (田舍 米燒) which are not only healthy and nutritious but also tasty and has a unique texture, the "Dongchi" (凍癡) series which bring new experience to the consumers with its innovative packaging and consumption method, and the sugar-coated crackers and senbei (仙貝) in new packing which fulfills the demands in the market for bulk-size products. Product upgrades also help promote balanced development of the Group's product portfolios.

概覽(續)

渠道多元化經營

2019 財年上半年集團的核心產品(收益佔 比近85%以上的產品小類)在批發渠道實 現了中、高個位數收益成長。集團透過品 牌行銷,保持「旺旺」在消費者視野中的活 躍度;透由渠道下沉,及線下線上的組合 拳,增加銷售網點的覆蓋;維護市場價格 秩序,確保渠道利潤,提升了經銷商的積 極性;強化終端服務,推出高中獎率的開 箱掃碼抽獎活動,拉動終端銷售;強化存 貨管理,新鮮的貨齡令產品在終端更具競 爭優勢。

2019 財年上半年,集團在海外市場取得 了中高個位數的收益成長。這主要得益於 強大的品牌力及豐富的產品種類。未來將 進一步完善海外佈局,精耕當地渠道,將 旺旺的品牌及美味的產品送到世界各個角 落。

品牌塑造與產品升級

集團著力於品牌建設,依據消費者的年齡 和差異化需求定位品牌,使之能精準服 務目標人群:專為嬰幼兒設計的母嬰品 牌「貝比瑪瑪」,安全、健康的品質保證 及更適合嬰幼兒成長的配方元素,為年 輕媽媽所信賴;而「Fix Body」、「Queen Alice」、「邦德」、「食技研」等特點鮮明的 品牌,抓住了年輕族群獵奇求變、喜愛健 身、追求時尚等特性;同時集團也關注到 了中老年人群的膳食營養需求,透由「愛 至尊」品牌,帶給中老年族群專屬的健康 食品。

此外,集團亦注重產品的推陳出新和優化 升級,近年來新上市的產品,開始成為集 團重要的收益來源:黑糖雪餅、「田舍米 燒」兼顧了健康營養與口感美味;「凍癡」 系列創新性的包裝設計、食用方法帶給消 費者全新體驗;新規格包裝雪餅及仙貝, 填補了大規格市場的需求。產品的升級也 令集團品類的發展更為均衡。

SUMMARY (continued)

Digital marketing

The Group has successfully enhanced interaction and built closer relationship with young consumers by launching innovative and interesting digital marketing events. IP cooperation and marketing helped to build a more fresh and lively brand image of Want Want. Through engaging in social media activities and with the help of the product recommendations shared by KOL (Key Opinion Leaders), a Want Want fans ecosystem was created, which was beneficial to the expansion of customer base and channel construction in the medium to long term.

Classical marketing activities that the Group launched in recent years, such as "Getting Big" (搞大了) program, "Want Wanttyakasha" (旺旺 – tyakasha) cross-sector marketing activity, etc. have helped to shape a young and energetic brand image of Want Want. The 40th Anniversary Hot-Kid IP Theme Exhibition (旺仔 IP40 周年主題展) enhanced the communications with consumers of different age groups. The event of scanning QR Code on the package enabled our countless consumers to be further acquainted with Want Want. The innovatively rewritten Want Want Rock 'n' Roll cup jelly (搖滾凍) theme song together with the video of "I WANT Dong Li Lab" (I WANT凍力實驗室) uploaded online have achieved a total of over 9 million views and a total activity exposure exceeding 50 million. Through the establishment and consolidation of a membership system, the Group can understand more about its consumer groups, narrow the distance with Want Want fans and provide fans with interesting and diverse shopping experience.

REVENUE

In the first half of 2019FY, total revenue of the Group amounted to RMB9,304.1 million, representing an increase of 0.6% as compared with that of the first half of 2018FY. The Group maintained its balanced product development strategy. Revenue from dairy products and beverages segment accounted for 53% of the Group's total revenue while that from rice crackers and snack foods segments together accounted for 47% of the Group's total revenue.

概覽(續)

數位化行銷

集團通過創新有趣的數位化行銷活動,拉 近與年輕一代消費者的距離; IP合作及行 銷,令品牌形象更為鮮活生動;透由社交 媒體運營,聯合KOL(關鍵意見領袖)宣 傳,打造旺粉生態系統,為拓展客群及渠 道中長期建設起到積極助推效益。

近年頗為經典的行銷活動:「搞大了」系列、「旺旺 – tyakasha」跨界行銷等,塑造 了年輕活力的品牌形象;旺仔IP40周年主 題展,與不同年齡層消費者溝通;掃描產 品包裝二維碼的活動,令千萬消費者進一 步熟知旺旺;創意改編旺旺搖滾凍主題胡 結合線上投放「I WANT凍力實驗室」的視 頻,播放總量超9百萬,活動總曝光量超5 千萬。透由會員體系的建立和整合,可以 更瞭解我們的消費群體,拉近與旺粉的距 離,為他們提供更為有趣多樣化的購物體 驗。

收益

2019 財年上半年集團總收益達93.041億 人民幣,較2018 財年上半年增長0.6%。 集團仍保持品類均衡發展策略,乳品及飲 料類佔53%,米果類及休閒食品類共佔 47%。

REVENUE (continued)

Rice crackers

In the first half of 2019FY, revenue from rice crackers segment decreased by 2.1% year-on-year to RMB1,820.6 million. This was due mainly to the Group's strategic decision to reduce the production volume of the low-margin sub-brand rice-crackers for profitability consideration. Revenue from core-brand rice crackers recorded a year-on-year increase of 3.4%, of which revenue from wholesale channels and revenue from overseas markets both achieved a mid-to-high single-digit growth rate and emerging channels such as vending machines, Want Want official online mall, OEM, etc. experienced a rapid growth.

Brand building and IP collaboration created an energetic and youthful image of "Want Want" among consumers. During the period, the hot topics included double colored wet paddy field showing the phrase "Want Want Rice Crackers Got Rice" grown on the black soil of Jiamusi, demonstrated the Group's quality control process that traced the origin of rice crackers' ingredients, the optimization and upgrade of products that fulfilled the demands of consumers for healthy and delicious products, the "brown-rice rice crackers" and "seaweed rice crackers" which have gradually become a new driving force for the revenue growth of rice crackers segment.

Alongside with the expansion of channels, sales through wholesale channels continued to maintain a healthy growing trend and rice cracker products also received great acceptance in emerging channels, such as theme stores, vending machines, Want Want official online mall, maternal and child channels, all recorded good repeated purchase rate, which drove the rapid growth in emerging channels for core-brand rice crackers. Meanwhile, sales of maternal and child products under the "Baby Mum-Mum" brand for export have been performed well for over 10 years and have become a major product in babies and toddlers food shelves in Europe and United States, enabling exported rice cracker products to maintain a mid-single-digit revenue growth rate. In the first half of 2019FY, the low sugar and trans-fatty acid free rice crackers, that are rich in dietary fibers and designed for elderlies, provided another choice of healthy snacks for them. Thus, the Group has developed a product range suitable for consumers from 6-month-old infants and youngsters to elderlies. By leveraging on our 36 years of solid experience in factory production management and innovative research and development capability in rice crackers, the orders for OEM have been increasing.

In the second half of 2019FY, with the arrival of the Chinese New Year, the peak sales season for rice cracker products, specialized festival gifts packs will be introduced to the market according to the consumers' needs and characteristics in different channels, and the festival version of ethnic group limited edition of rice cracker products will bring joyful shopping experience to consumers.

收益(續)

米果類

米果大類2019財年上半年,因利潤率考 慮政策調整低毛利率副品牌產量,故收益 18.206億人民幣同比衰退2.1%,但米果 主品牌同比成長3.4%,其中批發渠道及 海外市場實現中高個位數成長,自動售貨 機、旺旺官方網路商城、OEM等新興渠道 高速成長。

品牌的塑造及IP合作,令旺旺在消費者 心中的形象更為鮮活年輕。熱點話題:佳 木斯黑土地上出現「旺旺米果 Got Rice」 字樣的雙色水稻,向公眾展示了集團對米 果原料追本溯源的品質把控;產品的優化 升級,兼顧了消費者健康、美味的雙重需 求,「黑米雪餅」、「厚燒海苔」已逐步成為 米果收益成長的新動力。

伴隨渠道的拓展,除批發渠道繼續保持良 性的成長態勢外,米果類產品在新興渠道 也展現出極大的被接受度:主題門店、自 動售貨機、旺旺官方網路商城、母嬰等渠 道,均有良好的複購率,從而帶動米果主 品牌在新興渠道高速成長。同時外銷類母 嬰產品 [貝比瑪瑪」,暢銷海外十多年, 成為歐美地區嬰幼兒食品貨架上的重要品 類,令外銷米果類保持著中個位數的成 長;2019 財年上半年針對長青族研發的富 含膳食纖維、低糖、不含反式脂肪酸的米 果,讓長青族健康食品多了一種選擇,同 時也建立了可以從6個月的嬰幼兒到青年 族到長青族都有適合的產品。憑藉米果36 年堅實的工廠生產管理經驗及創新研發能 力,OEM代工需求日益攀升。

2019 財年下半年,米果類將迎來春節銷售 旺季,禮包小類根據不同渠道消費者的需 求特點,推出節日定制化禮包,而節慶版 民族限定米果類產品也將給消費者帶來購 物的歡樂體驗。

REVENUE (continued)

Dairy products and beverages

In the first half of 2019FY, the revenue from dairy products and beverages segment amounted to RMB4,949.9 million, representing a year-on-year growth of 5.5%. The key product, "Hot-Kid Milk", which accounted for over 90% of the revenue from dairy products and beverages segment, recorded a year-on-year growth of 6.6% during this period. All channels achieved a growth, showing the realization of balanced development of both channels.

In recent years, various successful digital marketing campaigns have created a lively and youthful brand image of Want Want and promoted the emotional interaction with consumers. The commercials "Li Zi Ming has grown up" (李子明長大了) reminded consumers of their childhood memories towards Hot-Kid Milk. The co-branded clothing designed based on Hot-Kid Milk cans, which infused the brand with trendy elements, has resulted in an influx of over 700,000 fans to our official flagship store on Tmall platform and the clothing were all sold out within 7 seconds. The packaging design with the images of 56 ethnic groups for Hot-Kid Milk echoed the feelings for ethnicities of consumers and has become hot topic for online search that was searched for over 210 million times.

Benefiting from the operation at retail stores and refined management of channel inventories, together with the lively and diversified online digital marketing activities which boosted the sales at offline physical stores and increased distributors' confidence in Want Want's products, revenue of dairy and beverage products derived from the wholesale channels achieved a mid-single digit growth rate. Retail stores were also benefited, which realized the Company's operating philosophy of "Prosperity for you, for me and for all".

In addition, the Group focused on the expansion of dairy product portfolio. In the first half of 2019FY, the sugar-free "Hot-Kid Pure Milk" (旺仔純牛奶) which is made from 100% raw milk and rich in calcium and milk protein and the "Nuts Milk" (堅果牛奶) were ranked top among our products sold in e-commerce channels when they were just put on the market, which not only diversified the Hot-Kid IP images, but also further expanded and upgraded the Hot-Kid product series.

收益(續)

乳品及飲料類

2019 財年上半年乳品及飲料類收益達 到49.499億人民幣,與去年同期比成長 5.5%。主系佔乳品及飲料類收益90%以上 的「旺仔牛奶」在該期間的收益同比成長達 到6.6%。同時所有渠道均實現成長,達到 了渠道的均衡發展。

近年來,多個成功的數位行銷案例,令旺 旺的品牌形象更為鮮活而富有年輕態,增 進了與消費者的情感交流。《李子明長大 了》的廣告片,喚起一代消費者童年對旺 仔牛奶的記憶;以旺仔牛奶罐為設計項目 的聯名款服裝,將品牌融入了潮流元素, 引發70多萬粉絲湧入天貓官方旗艦店,在 7秒內全部售罄;56個民族形象的旺仔牛 奶包裝設計呼應消費者的民族情懷,網路 話題搜索高達2.1億次。

得益於終端作業及渠道存貨管理精細化管理,批發渠道中個位數成長配合生動活潑 多樣化的線上數位化營銷活動,也大大拉 動了線下實體門店的銷售,也提升了經銷 商經營旺旺產品信心,終端門店也因銷售 提升而受惠,實現了「你旺,我旺,大家 旺」的公司經營理念。

此外,集團亦注重乳品類產品品類的延展,2019財年上半年,100%生牛乳、高 鈣、富含優質乳蛋白、無糖的「旺仔純牛奶」及「堅果牛奶」,甫上市即沖入電商產 品銷售排名的前列;不僅使旺仔IP更加多 元化,也使旺仔系列產品進一步延伸及升級。

REVENUE (continued)

Snack foods

In the first half of 2019FY, revenue of snack foods reached RMB2,508.6 million, representing a decrease of 6.2% as compared with that of the same period in the previous year. This was due mainly to the weak sales of popsicles resulting from the weather conditions which were unfavourable to the popsicles business. The sales of candies recorded a revenue growth rate of 7.5% year-on-year. Revenue growth at a rate of 1.2% was seen in beans, jellies and other category of snack foods segment. The optimization and upgrade of products enriched the product offerings of snack foods in emerging channels. The focus of wholesale channels was on developing the third and fourth tier cities, unleashing the consumption potentials in those areas and expanding our consumer base.

The revenue of candies recorded a high single-digit growth rate while jellies, beans and other category also recorded revenue growth. In particular, core products such as Hot-Kid QQ gummy and jellies both achieved double-digit growth. In recent years, the Group focused on product upgrade and brand building, and providing each type of products with unique attributes catering to the new demands of the consumer market. "Queen Alice", a new product with unique taste and chewy texture, is of great appeal to young ladies. "Soft Pudding" (嫩布丁), a perfect blend of juice and New Zealand milk with smooth and silky texture and exquisite packaging gives consumers the experience of tasting high-end desserts experience anytime and anyplace. "Western Mushroom Mochi Rice Noodles" (西式蘑菇麻糬Q米撈麵) and "Spicy Red Swamp Crawfish Aiyo Rice Noodles" (麻辣小龍蝦哎 呦Q米麵) from the "Aiyo" (哎呦) series of non-fried rice noodles, having a distinctive texture and novel eating method, together with fashionable taste, won the 2018-2019 "Best Innovation Award" and "Excellent Innovation Product Award" in the Chinese convenience food industry.

Due to the weather condition such as a "cool summer" and excessive rain, the sales performance of popsicles in the first half of 2019FY was adversely affected. However, the Group focused on investing its resources in high-margin new products and expanding sales channels and has achieved initial results. Products such as "Milky Sip & Slurp" (含乳吸吸冰), "Want Want Pocket Jelly" (旺旺吸的凍) and "Dongchi" (凍癡) were well received by consumers. In the second half of 2019FY, the Group will further optimize and upgrade the products, launch new hit products, comprehensively launch family-sized products with new packagings in accordance with demands of consumers and invest more resources in the cold beverages channel.

收益(續)

休閒食品類

2019 財 年 上 半 年 休 閒 食 品 類 實 現 收 益25.086 億 人 民 幣,較去 年 同 期 衰 退 6.2%。主要系受不利冰品作業之天氣影 響,冰品銷售疲軟所致。糖果小類與去年 同期比成長7.5%,果凍、豆類及其他小類 與去年同期比成長1.2%。產品的優化升 級,加速了休閒產品在新興渠道的推廣與 覆蓋,批發渠道注重開發三、四線城市的 消費潛力,拓展消費人群。

糖果小類收益實現高個位數成長,果凍、 豆類及其他小類亦成長,其中主力產品旺 仔QQ糖及果凍類均實現雙位數成長,近 年來集團注重產品的升級及品牌塑造,並 賦予每一類產品獨特的屬性,迎合消費市 場的新需求:口味及咬感都獨樹一幟的新 品「Queen Alice」,深受年輕女性的喜愛; 將果汁與紐西蘭牛奶完美融合的「嫩布 丁 |, 嬌嫩爽滑的口感以及精美包裝,帶 給消費者隨時隨地的高端甜品體驗;「哎 呦 | 系列非油炸米麵 | 西式蘑菇麻糬Q米撈 面」和「麻辣小龍蝦哎呦Q米麵」以獨特的 口感、新穎的食用方法,結合頗具時尚的 口味,分別斬獲2018-2019年度中國方便 食品行業「最佳創新獎」和「優秀創新產品 獎 |。

因為「涼夏」及雨水偏多等天氣因素,影響 了冰品小類在2019新財年上半年的收益表 現。但集團今年著力於資源投放在高獲利 能力新品,拓展售賣渠道,已初見成效: 「含乳吸吸冰」、「旺旺吸的凍」、「凍癡」等 產品均深受消費者喜愛。2019財年下半年 將對產品進一步優化升級,推出有話題的 新品,並結合消費者的需求,全面推出家 庭裝新規格產品,同時加大對冷飲渠道的 資源投入。

COST OF SALES

The cost of sales of the Group for the first half of 2019FY amounted to RMB4,754.0 million, representing a decrease of 7.4% as compared with that of the corresponding period in the previous year. It was attributable mainly to the decrease in cost of certain key raw materials used by the Group such as carton boxes, sugar, rice and palm oil as compared with that of the same period of the previous year. As the peak season sales accompanying the Chinese New Year is around the corner, the Group will improve the efficiency of its supply chain and optimize the planning of production lines so as to provide solid support for the business in the coming Chinese New Year.

GROSS PROFIT

Benefiting from the optimization of product structure and decrease in the cost of certain key raw materials, the gross profit margin of the Group for the first half of 2019FY increased by 4.4 percentage points as compared with that of the same period in last year to 48.9%. Gross profit amounted to RMB4,550.0 million, representing an increase of 10.5% as compared with that of the same period in last year. The Group will continue to optimize its product structure, introduce new products and brands with better profitability and will continue optimize its production lines and promote automation to ensure the profitability of its products.

Rice crackers

The gross profit margin of rice crackers was 43.1% for the first half of 2019FY, representing an increase of 4.1 percentage points as compared with that of the corresponding period in last year. The improvement in product mix, with an increased proportion of the high-margin core-brand rice crackers, has brought about a steady increase in profitability. In the second half of 2019FY, more new gift pack products with high gross profit margin will be introduced and the Group will continue to optimize the product structure to maintain the profitability of rice cracker segment.

Dairy products and beverages

The gross profit margin of dairy products and beverages segment was 51.0% for the first half of 2019FY, representing an increase of 4.1 percentage points as compared with that of the corresponding period in last year. The increase was benefited mainly from the decrease in the cost of some raw materials and optimization of product mix, which have improved the overall profitability. The Group will continue to expand its product categories and launch new products to meet the demand of various consumer groups in order to maintain the healthy profitability.

銷貨成本

2019財年上半年集團銷貨成本為47.540億 人民幣,較去年同期下降7.4%,主系:部 分主要原物料如紙箱、白糖、大米、棕櫚 油等使用價格較同期有所回落。伴隨年節 作業旺季的來臨,集團將提升供應鏈作業 效率,優化生產線佈局,為年節作業提供 堅實保證。

毛利

受益於產品結構的優化及大宗原物料使 用價格的回落,2019財年上半年集團毛 利率較去年同期上升4.4個百分點,達到 48.9%。毛利額達到45.500億人民幣,較 去年同期上升10.5%。集團將持續優化產 品結構,並推出獲利能力更為突出的新品 及品牌,同時亦會持續優化產線佈局及自 動化進程,以確保產品的獲利能力。

米果類

2019 財年上半年米果類毛利率43.1%,較同期上升4.1個百分點。因產品結構的優化,高毛利率的米果主品牌佔比上升,帶來獲利能力的穩步提升。2019 財年下半年米果大類將透由推出更多高毛利率的禮包新品,並持續優化產品結構以穩定獲利能力。

乳品及飲料類

2019 財年上半年乳品及飲料類毛利率 51.0%,較去年同期上升4.1個百分點。主 要得益於部分原材料成本下降及產品組合 的優化,提升了產品整體獲利水準。集團 後續將持續拓展產品品類,推出滿足各類 消費人群的新產品,繼續保持該品類健康 良好的獲利能力。

GROSS PROFIT (continued)

Snack foods

The gross profit margin of snack foods segment was 48.7% for the first half of 2019FY, representing an increase of 4.6 percentage points as compared with that of the same period in the previous year. Such increase was attributable mainly to the optimization of product structure and the launch of new products with high gross profit margin. Furthermore, the decrease in the price of key raw material, white sugar, had a positive impact on the gross profit margin of the segment. The Group will continue to deepen its multibrand strategy and launch new products extending its current price range in a timely manner, while continuing to consolidate the profitability of the segment.

OUTLOOK FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 2019FY

Diversified marketing

Leveraging on the online traffic and great exposure of the e-commerce platform on "Double 11 (Singles' Day)" in the second half of 2019FY, the Group promoted its new specialty products in the form of offline immersive experience and new product launch presentation. As the traditional Spring Festival is approaching, the Group will promote its brands with diversified marketing strategies and put on the market festive candies and snack foods that fit the festive atmosphere and new gift packs that fit the gift-giving culture of the Spring Festival. The Group will also increase the number of special displays at the point-of-sale and organize theme activities and fun games to get closer to the consumers and to build the jubilant atmosphere of the Spring Festival.

Brands and products differentiation

Multi-branding is an inevitable development of market segmentation to satisfy the demands of different consumer groups. In the second half of 2019FY, the Group will further expand the types of products under the "Fix Body" brand, a brand that combines nutritional health and diet management and newly launched in the first half of 2019FY. The brand currently has four series including Tasties, Snacks, Meals and Drinks with a total of 23 types of products. Another brand that is specially tailored to the elderly, namely "Prime of Love" (愛至尊) will also be launched. It is designed to provide nutritional supplements and snacks for the elderly to meet the health and dietary needs of the elderly and to enrich their dietary pattern. In addition, within the existing brands and product categories, product optimization and upgrade will be continued by launching milk products with health elements, and drinks and snacks that are unique in terms of their functions and taste.

毛利(續)

休閒食品類

2019 財 年 上 半 年 休 閒 食 品 類 毛 利 率 48.7%,較去年同期上升4.6個百分點,主 要得益於產品結構的優化,及高毛利率新 品的推出,此外,主要原料白砂糖的價格 回落,對該類別毛利率亦有正向影響。集 團將不斷深化多品牌策略,適時推出新品 延展現有的價格帶,持續鞏固該品類的獲 利能力。

2019 財年下半年展望

多元化行銷

2019財年下半年集團將利用「雙十一」電商 平台的流量及高曝光度,結合線下沉浸式 體驗+新品發佈會形式,推廣集團特色新 品;在中國傳統農曆春節來臨之際,集團 以多元化的行銷方式宣傳品牌,並將推出 符合春節氛圍的糖果、休閒小食以及符合 春節送禮文化的禮包新品;同時增加終端 特陳,舉辦主題活動,通過趣味遊戲等方 式拉近與消費群體距離,營造紅火的節日 氛圍。

品牌及產品差異化

多品牌是市場細分必然的發展,為滿足不 同消費群的需求,2019財年下半年,就 是半財年新推出的營養健康與瘦身飲食管 理相結合的「Fix Body」品牌,集團將進 一步擴展產品種類,分為饞嘴、點心、早 中晚及飲品四個系列,共23種產品;同時 將出專為長青族群定制的一款系列產 時推出專為長青族群定制的一款系列 於品牌,對對老年人的了 產品,設計系列的營養品及休閒, 民有的品牌和產品小類中,將持續產品的 優化升級,推出具健康概念的系列牛奶產 品,及在功效、口味上別具一格的飲料、 休閒小食。

OUTLOOK FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 2019FY (continued)

Channel diversification

As the traditional Chinese New Year peak season is coming, we will optimize the operation of wholesale channels and increase the input of resources into the end points-of-sales and for festive special displays and enhance the interaction with consumers through promotional materials and engaging in-store promoters. As for the modern channels, customized products will be developed in the second half of 2019FY through product optimization. In addition, online discussions and sales were generated by the tailored products and "Hot-Kid ball cake" furniture that captured the hearts of all Hot-Kid fans in the "Double 11" Shopping Festival that had just been held for the e-commerce channels. The planning, establishment and further development of emerging channels will also be an important strategy for the Group's channel development.

DISTRIBUTION COSTS

The distribution costs for the first half of 2019FY amounted to RMB1,369.9 million, representing a decrease of RMB69.2 million or 4.8% as compared with that of the first half of 2018FY. Distribution costs as a percentage of revenue decreased by 0.9 percentage point to 14.7% as compared with that of the same period in the previous year. It was due mainly to a decrease in advertising and promotion expenses as a percentage of revenue by 0.4 percentage point to 3.3%, as compared with 3.7% for the same period in 2018, as a result of the Group's effective control over its promotion resources. In the first half of 2019FY, labour costs as a percentage of revenue decreased by 0.5 percentage point to 5.9% as compared with that of the same period in 2018, due mainly to the decrease in the number of sales representatives as a result of the rationalization of the structure of the Group's sales organization. Transportation expenses as a percentage of revenue was 3.9% in the first half of 2019FY, basically remained at similar level as compared with that of the same period in the previous year.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Group's administrative expenses for the first half of 2019FY amounted to RMB1,285.7 million, representing an increase of RMB170.6 million or 15.3% as compared with that for the first half of 2018FY. Administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue was 13.8%, representing an increase of 1.7 percentage points from that of the same period in 2018, which was mainly attributable to the increase in research and development expenses and the increase in labour costs due to the adjustment of employee's salaries.

2019 財年下半年展望(續)

渠道多元化

春節旺季來臨,批發渠道優化作業節奏, 加大終端的資源投入,及年節形象特陳, 借由文宣品及導購增加與消費者的互動; 現代渠道2019財年下半年將透由產品升 級,開發客製化單品;另外,電商渠道甫 於剛剛落幕的「雙十一」購物節,透過定制 化產品及令旺粉驚喜的「旺仔小饅頭」家俱 再次成功引爆網上熱點及銷售。新興渠道 的布建和深化,也將會是集團渠道發展的 重要策略。

分銷成本

2019 財年上半年分銷成本較2018 財年上 半年下降0.692 億人民幣,達13.699 億人 民幣,下降幅度4.8%,分銷成本佔收益比 率為14.7%,較去年同期下降0.9個百分 點。主系:廣促費用佔收益比率為3.3%, 較2018年同期3.7%下降0.4個百分點,系 集團對促銷資源的有效管控。2019 財年上 半年用人費用佔收益比5.9%,較2018年 同期比下降0.5個百分點,主系集團銷售 組織整頓致業務人員人數下降。另2019 財 年上半年運輸費用佔收益比率為3.9%,與 去年同期比基本持平。

行政費用

2019 財年上半年行政費用較2018 財年上 半年上升1.706億人民幣,達12.857億人 民幣,上升幅度15.3%,行政費用佔收益 比率為13.8%,較2018年同期上升1.7個 百分點。主系研發費用增加及員工薪資調 整帶來的用人費用增加。

OPERATING PROFIT

Owing to the increase of 4.4 percentage points in gross profit margin for the first half of 2019FY, the Group's operating profit for the first half of 2019FY amounted to RMB2,053.8 million, representing an increase of RMB281.4 million or 15.9% as compared with that for the first half of 2018FY. The operating profit margin for the first half of 2019FY reached 22.1%.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group's income tax expense for the first half of 2019FY was RMB584.5 million, and the income tax rate was 26.7%, representing a decrease of 1.2 percentage points as compared with that for the first half of 2018FY.

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company for the first half of 2019FY amounted to RMB1,614.9 million, representing an increase of 18.4% as compared with that for the first half of 2018FY. The margin of profit attributable to equity holders was 17.4%.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and Borrowings

We finance our operations and capital expenditure primarily by internally generated cash flows as well as banking facilities provided by our principal bankers. As at 30 September 2019, our bank and deposits balances amounted to RMB16,636.2 million (31 March 2019 (Restated): RMB17,160.4 million), in which Renminbi accounted for approximately 95%, being approximately RMB15,805.3 million, representing a decrease of RMB524.2 million as compared with that as at 31 March 2019, which was mainly caused by the making of dividend payments.

營運利潤

受2019 財年上半年毛利率上升4.4 個點的 影響,本集團2019 財年上半年營運利潤 20.538億人民幣,較2018 財年上半年增加 2.814億人民幣,上升15.9%;2019 財年 上半年營運利潤率達到22.1%。

所得稅費用

本集團2019財年上半年所得税費用5.845 億人民幣,所得税率26.7%,所得税率較 2018財年上半年下降1.2個點。

本公司權益持有人應佔利潤

2019 財年上半年,本公司權益持有人應佔 利潤16.149億人民幣,較2018 財年上半 年上升18.4%,權益持有人應佔利潤率為 17.4%。

流動性與資本財力

現金與借款

本集團營運所需資金及資本開支主要來源 於內部營運產生的現金流量,及主要往來 銀行提供的信貸額度。於2019年9月30 日,本集團銀行存款餘額為166.362億人 民幣(2019年3月31日:171.604億人民 幣(經重列))(其中人民幣約佔95%,約為 158.053億),較2019年3月31日下降了 5.242億人民幣,主要為支應股利支出。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Cash and Borrowings (continued)

As at 30 September 2019, our total borrowings amounted to RMB10,335.6 million (31 March 2019 (Restated): RMB9,517.4 million), representing an increase of RMB818.2 million as compared with that as at 31 March 2019. Short-term borrowings amounted to RMB1.637.9 million (31 March 2019: RMB1.743.9 million), representing a decrease of RMB106.0 million as compared with that as at 31 March 2019, and the long-term borrowings, including the guaranteed bonds, amounted to RMB8,697.7 million (31 March 2019 (Restated): RMB7,773.5 million), representing an increase of RMB924.2 million as compared with that as at 31 March 2019, which was mainly caused by the need of making overseas dividend payments. As the Group's overseas procurement of key raw materials and dividend payments were mainly made in USD and due to the timing difference of payment of dividends by the subsidiaries in the Chinese mainland, the Group would obtain loans in USD from time to time in order to satisfy the need for working capital for overseas regions but the Group would appropriately increase the ratio of RMB borrowings.

In April 2017, the Group issued 5-year term guaranteed bonds with a face value of US\$500 million and a coupon rate of 2.875% (the "Bonds"). As at 30 September 2019, the balance of the Bonds payable amounted to US\$495.6 million (31 March 2019: US\$494.8 million).

In June 2018, the Group issued private placement notes in an amount of RMB500 million for a term of 1 year with coupon rate of 5.4% per annum ("Private Placement Notes") in the interbank market of the People's Republic of China. The Private Placement Notes were fully settled at maturity in June 2019.

The Group's net gearing ratio (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents as a percentage of total equity (excluding non-controlling interests)) as at 30 September 2019 was -0.45 time (31 March 2019 (Restated): -0.50 time). At present, we maintain sufficient cash and available banking facilities for our working capital requirements and for capitalizing on any potential investment opportunities in the future. The management will from time to time make prudent financial arrangements and decisions to address changes in the domestic and international financial environment.

流動性與資本財力(續)

現金與借款(續)

本集團於2019年9月30日的總借款為 103.356億人民幣(2019年3月31日:95.174億 人民幣(經重列)),較2019年3月31日增 加了8.182億人民幣。短期借款為16.379 億人民幣(2019年3月31日:17.439億人 民幣),較2019年3月31日下降1.060億 人民幣;長期借款(包含已發行擔保債券) 為86.977億人民幣(2019年3月31日: 77.735億人民幣(經重列)),較2019年3 月31日增加了9.242億人民幣,主要為支 應海外股利需求。集團境外大宗原物料採 購及股利支付以美元為主,且中國境內子 公司的股利匯出存在時間差異,故集團為 支應海外地區營運資金缺口需要不定期辦 理美元貸款,但會適當增加人民幣借款比 例。

本集團於2017年4月發行5年期、面值5 億美元、票面利率2.875%的有擔保債券 (「債券」)。於2019年9月30日,應付債 券餘額為4.956億美元(2019年3月31日: 4.948億美元)。

本集團於2018年6月在中華人民共和國境 內銀行間市場發行金額為5億人民幣,期 限為1年,票面利率為每年5.4%之非公開 定向債務融資工具(「非公開定向債務融資 工具」)。於2019年6月已到期且償還。

本集團於2019年9月30日的淨權益負債率 (扣除現金及現金等價物的總借款除以期 末總權益(不含非控制性權益))為-0.45倍 (2019年3月31日:-0.50倍(經重列))。 本集團目前擁有充足的現金及銀行信貸額 度,既能滿足本集團營運資金的需求,也 能滿足將來投資機會的資金需求。管理層 也會隨時針對國內外金融環境變化做出審 慎財務安排及決定。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Cash flow

For the first half of 2019FY, our cash and cash equivalents decreased by RMB524.2 million. Among which, RMB1,934.5 million of net cash inflow was generated from our operating activities. Net cash outflow for financing activities was RMB2,410.9 million, and consists mainly of dividend payments of RMB2,543.4 million. The net cash outflow for investment activities was RMB132.2 million.

Capital expenditure

For the first half of 2019FY, our total capital expenditure amounted to RMB135.4 million (for the year ended 31 March 2019: RMB381.8 million). We spent approximately RMB17.00 million, RMB47.02 million and RMB33.16 million respectively for the additions of production plant, facilities and equipment for the three product segments (rice crackers, dairy products and beverages and snack foods) and replacement and upgrade of some of the old plant and production facilities to prepare for the further growth of our Group. The remaining capital expenditure was made mainly for the purpose of adding facilities for information technology, packaging, etc.

The above capital expenditure was financed mainly by our internally generated cash flows and banking facilities.

Inventory analysis

Ir

Our inventory consists primarily of finished goods, goods in transit and work in progress for rice crackers, dairy products and beverages, snack foods and other products, as well as raw materials and packaging materials.

The following table sets forth the number of our inventory turnover days for the six months ended 30 September 2019 and for the year ended 31 March 2019:

流動性與資本財力(續)

現金流量

2019 財年上半年,本集團現金及現金等 價物減少5.242億人民幣。其中營運活動 產生的現金淨流入為19.345億人民幣;融 資活動產生的現金淨流出為24.109億人民 幣,主要為支付股息25.434億人民幣;投 資活動產生的淨現金流出為1.322億人民 幣。

資本開支

2019 財年上半年,本集團的資本開支為 1.354億人民幣(截至2019年3月31日止 年度:3.818億人民幣)。本集團分別投入 了大約1,700萬人民幣、4,702萬人民幣和 3,316萬人民幣用於增加三大類產品(米果 類、乳品及飲料類及休閒食品類)的生產 廠房和設備,更新部分老舊廠房與生產設 施以準備未來集團成長所需。剩餘的資本 支出,主要用於增加資訊設施和包裝設施 等。

上述資本開支的籌措主要來源於公司的內部現金流以及銀行信貸額度。

存貨分析

存貨主要包括米果類、乳品及飲料類、休 閒食品類及其他類的製成品、運送中貨物 和在製品,以及原材料和包裝材料。

下表列示了本集團截至2019年9月30日止 六個月與截至2019年3月31日止年度的存 貨周轉天數:

		Six months ended 30 September 2019 截至 2019年 9月 30 日止六個月	Year ended 31 March 2019 截至 2019 年 3月 31 日止年度 (Restated) (經重列)	
Inventory turnover days	存貨周轉天數	94	80	

As at 30 September 2019, the inventory balance amounted to RMB2,576.6 million (31 March 2019 (Restated): RMB2,387.7 million).

於2019年9月30日存貨金額為25.766億 人民幣(2019年3月31日:23.877億人民 幣(經重列))。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Trade receivables

Our trade receivables represent the receivables from our customers. The terms of credit granted to our customers are usually 60 to 90 days. Our sales to most of the customers in China are conducted on a cash-on-delivery basis. We only grant credit to customers in our modern distribution channels and certain emerging channels, which then on-sell our products to endconsumers.

The following table sets forth the number of our trade receivables turnover days for the six months ended 30 September 2019 and for the year ended 31 March 2019:

流動性與資本財力(續)

貿易應收款

本集團的貿易應收款,指的是本集團對客 戶賒銷產生的應收款項。本集團的賒銷期 限通常是60天至90天。本集團對中國的大 部份客戶以款到發貨的方式銷售產品。本 集團只給予現代分銷渠道及部分新興渠道 的信貸客戶提供賒銷,由他們將產品銷售 給本集團的最終消費者。

下表列示了截至2019年9月30日止六個月 與截至2019年3月31日止年度本集團的貿 易應收款周轉天數:

			Six months ended 30 September 2019 截至 2019年 9月 30 日止六個月	Year ended 31 March 2019 截至 2019年 3月 31 日止年度 (Restated) (經重列)
Trade receivables turnover days	貿易應收款周轉天數		19	19
Trade payables		貿	易應付款	
Our trade payables relate mainly to from our suppliers with credit term and 60 days after receipt of goods a	s generally between 30 days	生 30	。我們的供應商給予	主要由賒購原材料產 予的信貸條件一般為 貨物及發票後的日期
The following table sets forth the r turnover days for the six months er for the year ended 31 March 2019:		與		年9月30日止六個月 日止年度本集團的貿
			Six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年 9月30日止六個月	Year ended 31 March 2019 截至2019年 3月31日止年度
Trade payables turnover days	貿易應付款周轉天數		43	37
Pledge of assets As at 30 September 2019, none of o	our assets was pledged.	於	產抵押 2019年9月30日 ^{,;} 押。	本集團並無任何資產

HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION OF EMPLOYEES

For the first half of 2019FY, our average number of employees was approximately 42,140, representing a decrease of 3,960 employees as compared with the average number of employees for the year ended 31 March 2019. Our total remuneration expenses for the first half of 2019FY amounted to RMB1,876.0 million, representing a decrease of 1.6% as compared with that for the first half of 2018FY. The remuneration package of our employees includes fixed salary, commissions and allowances (where applicable), and performance-based year-end bonuses having regard to the performance of the Group and that of the individual.

Our Group always concerns about and have invested significant amount of resources in the continuing education and training programmes for our employees. Training programmes, both external and internal, are also provided to relevant staff as and when required to constantly improve their professional knowledge and skills.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISKS

The presentation currency of the Group is RMB but the Company's functional currency is still USD. More than 90% of our activities are conducted in the Chinese mainland, our Chinese mainland subsidiaries' functional currency is RMB. The Group's foreign exchange risks arise mainly from procurement of raw materials and equipment from overseas, overseas dividend payments and certain recognised assets and liabilities.

As procurement of raw materials and equipment from overseas and USD denominated borrowings of the Group are recognised in the financial statements of the subsidiaries of the Group whose functional currency is USD, the assets and liabilities subject to foreign exchange risks are minimal and the relevant exposure after offsetting is not significant. As such, RMB does not have a significant impact on exchange gains and losses presented on the "other gains – net" section of the consolidated income statement. During the year, the Group did not hedge against its foreign exchange risks.

人力資源和員工薪酬

2019 財年上半年本集團平均員工人數約為 42,140人,較截至2019年3月31日止年 度平均人數減少3,960人。2019 財年上半 年總薪酬為18.760億人民幣,較2018 財年 上半年下降1.6%。員工的薪酬包括固定工 資,佣金及津貼(如適用),以及基於本集 團及個人表現的年終獎勵。

本集團長期關注對員工的持續教育和培訓 計劃並有相當資源投入,本集團經常在必 要時給相關的工作人員提供外部及內部的 培訓課程,以便不斷提升員工的專業知識 與技能。

外匯風險

本集團呈列貨幣為人民幣,但本公司的 功能貨幣仍為美元,而本集團90%以上 經營活動在中國境內,中國境內附屬公 司的功能貨幣為人民幣。本集團的外匯 風險主要源自境外的原物料採購、設備 採購和海外股利支付,及若干已確認資 產或負債。

由於本集團的境外原物料、設備採購及美 元借款主要是由本集團以美元作為其功能 貨幣的附屬公司之財務報表確認,因此涉 及外匯風險的資產與負債皆很小,且抵消 後之風險承擔度亦不重大,故此,人民幣 並沒有對綜合收益表的「其他收益一淨額」 中列報的匯兌收益和虧損一項造成重大的 影響。本年度內,本集團並無對沖其外幣 匯率風險。

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF WANT WANT CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated interim financial information set out on pages 22 to 68, which comprises the interim condensed consolidated balance sheet of Want Want China Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") as at 30 September 2019 and the interim condensed consolidated statement of income, the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on condensed consolidated interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致中國旺旺控股有限公司董事會

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

引言

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審閱列載於 第22至68頁的簡明綜合中期財務資料,此 簡明綜合中期財務資料包括中國旺旺控股 有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(合稱 「貴集團」)於2019年9月30日的中期簡明 綜合資產負債表與截至該日止六個月期間 的中期簡明綜合收益表、中期簡明綜合全 面收益表、中期簡明綜合權益變動表和中 期簡明綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政 策概要和其他附註解釋。香港聯合交易所 有限公司證券上市規則規定,就簡明綜合 中期財務資料編製的報告必須符合以上規 則的有關條文以及香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」。貴 公司董事須負責根據香港會計準則第34號 「中期財務報告 | 編製及呈列該等簡明綜合 中期財務資料。我們的責任是根據我們的 審閲對該等簡明綜合中期財務資料作出結 論,並按照委聘之條款僅向整體董事會報 告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們 不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上 或承擔任何責任。

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of condensed consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 19 November 2019

審閱範圍

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審 関準則第2410號「由實體的獨立核數師執 行中期財務資料審閱」進行審閱。審閱簡 明綜合中期財務資料包括主要向負責財務 和會計事務的人員作出查詢,及應用分析 性和其他審閱程序。審閱的範圍遠較根據 香港審計準則進行審核的範圍為小,故不 能令我們可保證我們將知悉在審核中可能 被發現的所有重大事項。因此,我們不會 發表審核意見。

結論

按照我們的審閲,我們並無發現任何事 項,令我們相信貴集團之簡明綜合中期財 務資料在各重大方面未有根據香港會計準 則第34號「中期財務報告」編製。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,2019年11月19日

As at 30 September 2019 於2019年9月30日

		Note 附註	Unaudited 未經審核 30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Audited 經審核 31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	8	7,082,819	7,331,250
Leasehold land and land use rights	租賃土地及土地使用權	8	-	939,914
Investment properties	投資物業	8	38,116	38,038
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	13,461	14,199
Investments in associates	聯營公司投資	7	17,004	18,779
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產		261,465	242,205
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值透過其他全面			
other comprehensive income	收益記賬的金融資產		38,538	38,671
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	3(a(i))	1,046,569	-
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產		27,108	25,980
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		8,525,080	8,649,036
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	9	2,576,590	2,387,747
Trade receivables	貿易應收款	10	939,089	1,034,970
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及		,	.,
other receivables	其他應收款		676,790	642,224
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		16,636,232	17,160,428
Total current assets	流動資產總額		20,828,701	21,225,369
Total assets	總資產		29,353,781	29,874,405
			.,,	-,,
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人			
holders of the Company	應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	11	1,867,410	1,871,067
Reserves	儲備	12	12,005,212	13,491,223
			13,872,622	15,362,290
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		84,887	97,537
Total equity	總權益		13,957,509	15,459,827

As at 30 September 2019 於 2019 年 9 月 30 日

		Note 附註	Unaudited 未經審核 30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Audited 經審核 31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	借款	14	8,697,704	7,773,478
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債		236,074	267,528
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債		77,243	75,037
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3(a(i))	74,855	
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		9,085,876	8,116,043
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款	13	1,217,600	1,034,900
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款		2,053,106	2,061,082
Contract liabilities	合約負債		1,093,632	1,117,541
Current income tax liabilities	當期所得税負債		263,340	341,130
Borrowings	借款	14	1,637,941	1,743,882
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3(a(i))	44,777	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		6,310,396	6,298,535
Total liabilities	總負債		15,396,272	14,414,578
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		29,353,781	29,874,405

The notes on pages 30 to 68 form an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information on pages 22 to 68 was approved by the Board of Directors on 19 November 2019 and were signed on its behalf.

Tsai Wang-Chia 蔡旺家 Director 董事 第30至第68頁之附註為簡明綜合中期財務 資料之一部分。

第22至第68頁之簡明綜合中期財務資料已 由董事會於2019年11月19日批准,並代表 董事會簽署。

Chu Chi-Wen 朱紀文 Director 董事 **中國旺旺控股有限公司**中期簡明綜合收益表 Want@hine#loldings=milted____ Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income

For the six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年9月30日止六個月

		Note 附註	Unaud 未經 Six month 30 Sept 截至 9 月 30 2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	審核 is ended ember
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷貨成本	17	9,304,071 (4,754,025)	9,248,125 (5,131,183)
Gross profit	毛利	,,	4,550,046	4,116,942
Other gains/(losses) – net Other income Distribution costs Administrative expenses	其他收益╱(虧損)-淨額 其他收入 分銷成本 行政費用	15 16 17 17	1,787 157,523 (1,369,929) (1,285,660)	(4,343) 214,000 (1,439,149) (1,115,098)
Operating profit	營運利潤		2,053,767	1,772,352
Finance income Finance costs	融資收入 融資成本		295,544 (158,169)	236,173 (123,770)
Finance income – net	融資收入-淨額		137,375	112,403
Share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司虧損		(1,775)	(3,697)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前利潤 所得税費用	18	2,189,367 (584,518)	1,881,058 (525,590)
Profit for the period	期間利潤		1,604,849	1,355,468
Profit attributable to: – Equity holders of the Company – Non-controlling interests	應佔利潤: −本公司權益持有人 −非控制性權益		1,614,913 (10,064)	1,364,413 (8,945)
			1,604,849	1,355,468
Earnings per share for profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔利潤的 每股盈利			
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	19	RMB 12.99 Cents 人民幣 12.99 分	RMB 10.96 Cents 人民幣 10.96分
Diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄盈利	19	RMB 12.99 Cents 人民幣 12.99分	RMB 10.96 Cents 人民幣 10.96分

The notes on pages 30 to 68 form an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

第30至第68頁之附註為簡明綜合中期財務 資料之一部分。

For the six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年9月30日止六個月

		Unau 未經 Six montl 30 Sept 截至 9 月 30 2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	審核 ns ended tember
Profit for the period	期間利潤	1,604,849	1,355,468
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Currency translation differences Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	其他全面收益 <i>其後可能會重新分類 至損益之項目</i> 貨幣匯兑差額 <i>其後將不會重新分類</i> <i>至損益之項目</i>	(366,957)	(518,869)
Remeasurements on post-employment benefit obligations Change in value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	主ر 2 項 1 退休福利責任 之重新計量 按公平值透過其他 全面收益記賬的 金融資產價值變動	(7) (959)	- (3,869)
Other comprehensive income for the period	期間其他全面 收益	(367,923)	(522,738)
Total comprehensive income for the period	期間全面收益 總額	1,236,926	832,730
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to: – Equity holders of the Company – Non-controlling interests	應佔期間全面收益總額: 一本公司權益持有人 ─非控制性權益	1,248,039 (11,113) 1,236,926	845,022 (12,292) 832,730

The notes on pages 30 to 68 form an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

第30至第68頁之附註為簡明綜合中期財務 資料之一部分。 For the six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年9月30日止六個月

			Unaudited 未經審核					
			Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔				_	
		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控制性權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 總權益 RMB ³ 000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 April 2019	2019年4月1日結餘		1,871,067	(3,953,856)	17,413,488	15,330,699	97,537	15,428,236
Adjustment due to business combinations under common control	因共同控制下業務 合併產生的調整	22	-	48,640	(17,049)	31,591	-	31,591
Balance at 1 April 2019 (restated)	2019 年4月1日之結餘 (經重列)		1,871,067	(3,905,216)	17,396,439	15,362,290	97,537	15,459,827
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 30 September 2019	截至2019年9月30日止 期間全面收益總額		-	(366,874)	1,614,913	1,248,039	(11,113)	1,236,926
Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人之交易, 直接於權益內確認							
Dividends relating to 2018 paid in 2019 Share buy-back	2019年支付的2018年度股息 股份購回	20	– (3,657)	-	(2,543,364) (138,700)	(2,543,364) (142,357)	-	(2,543,364) (142,357)
Business combinations under common control	共同控制下之 業務合併	22	-	(51,986)	-	(51,986)	-	(51,986)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests Capital contribution by non-controlling	收購非控制性權益 非控制性權益		-	-	-	-	(2,240)	(2,240)
interests	注資		-	-	-	-	703	703
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人之交易總額 [,] 直接於權益內確認		(3,657)	(51,986)	(2,682,064)	(2,737,707)	(1,537)	(2,739,244)
Balance at 30 September 2019	2019年9月30日結餘		1,867,410	(4,324,076)	16,329,288	13,872,622	84,887	13,957,509

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

					Unau 未經	idited 審核		
			Attrib	utable to equity h 本公司權益	iolders of the Co 持有人應佔	mpany	_	
		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控制性權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 總權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 April 2018	2018年4月1日結餘		1,871,067	(3,834,098)	16,451,228	14,488,197	122,703	14,610,900
Adjustment due to business combinations under common control	因共同控制下業務 合併產生的調整	22	-	48,640	(17,049)	31,591	-	31,591
Balance at 1 April 2018 (restated)	2018 年4月1日之結餘 (經重列)		1,871,067	(3,785,458)	16,434,179	14,519,788	122,703	14,642,491
Total comprehensive income for the period ended 30 September 2018	截至2018年9月30日止 期間全面收益總額		-	(519,391)	1,364,413	845,022	(12,292)	832,730
Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity Dividends relating to 2017 paid in 2018 Changes in ownership interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control	與擁有人之交易, 直接於權益內確認 2018年支付的2017年度股息 不導致失去控制權的 一間附屬公司 權益變動	20	-	-	(1,842,996)	(1,842,996)	- (11,091)	(1,842,996) (11,091)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人之交易總額 [,] 直接於權益內確認		-	-	(1,842,996)	(1,842,996)	(11,091)	(1,854,087)
Balance at 30 September 2018 (restated)	2018年9月30日結餘 (經重列)		1,871,067	(4,304,849)	15,955,596	13,521,814	99,320	13,621,134

The notes on pages 30 to 68 form an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

第30至第68頁之附註為簡明綜合中期財務 資料之一部分。 **中國旺旺控股有限公司** 中期簡明綜合現金流量表 Want@hine#loldingsemitted____ Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年9月30日止六個月

		Note 附註	Unau 未經 Six month 30 Sept 截至9月30 2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	審核 ns ended ember
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Income tax paid Interest paid Interest received	營 運活動的現金流量 營運產生的現金 已付所得税 已付利息 已收利息		2,585,259 (716,787) (148,638) 214,672	1,610,592 (648,470) (118,083) 215,538
Cash flows generated from operating activities – net	營運活動產生 的淨現金		1,934,506	1,059,577
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of leasehold land and land use rights Prepayment of leasehold land and land use rights	投資活動的現金流量 購入物業、機器 及設備 購入無形資產 出售物業、機器及 設備所得款項 出售租賃土地及 土地使用權所得款項 預付租賃土地及 土地使用權款項	8	(134,983) (434) 3,217 –	(161,408) (509) 3,542 3 (19,743)
Cash flows used in investing activities – net	投資活動所用 的淨現金		(132,200)	(178,115)
Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid to equity holders Shares repurchased and cancelled Cash paid to the parent company of the entity acquired under common	融資活動的現金流量 支付予權益持有人 之股息 已購回及註銷之股份 已付根據共同控制所 收購實體母公司	12	(2,543,364) (142,357)	(1,842,996) (49,189)
control Cash paid to non-controlling interests holder for additional ownership interests in subsidiaries Capital contribution by non-controlling interests	之現金 收購附屬公司額外權益 而支付予非控制性 權益持有人的現金 非控制性權益 注資	22	(51,986) (2,240) 703	_ (11,091) _
Proceeds from borrowings Repayments of borrowings Lease payments	借款所得款項 償還借款 租賃付款	14	3,801,633 (3,450,773) (22,555)	5,827,523 (3,988,550) –

For the six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年9月30日止六個月

			Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 September		
			截至9月30		
			2019	2018	
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
				(restated) (經重列)	
Cash flows used in financing activities – net	融資活動所用 的淨現金		(2,410,939)	(64,303)	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物				
cash equivalents	(減少)/增加淨額		(608,633)	817,159	
Cash and cash equivalents at	期初現金及現金				
beginning of the period	等價物		17,160,428	12,526,029	
Exchange gains	匯兑收益		84,437	159,594	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of					
the period	現金等價物		16,636,232	13,502,782	

The notes on pages 30 to 68 form an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

第30至第68頁之附註為簡明綜合中期財務 資料之一部分。

GENERAL INFORMATION 1.

Want Want China Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") are principally engaged in the manufacturing and distribution of food and beverages. The Group's activities are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China ("the PRC"), and its products are also sold to North America, East Asia, South-East Asia and Europe.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 3 October 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Maples Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company has had its primary listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 26 March 2008.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information is presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved for issue on 19 November 2019.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has been reviewed, not audited.

2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

This condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 September 2019 has been prepared in accordance with HKAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'. The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all the notes of the type normally included in the annual consolidated financial statement. Accordingly, it should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, except for the adoption of the new and amended standards as disclosed below.

一般資料 1.

中國肝肝控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主 要從事製造及分銷食品和飲料。本 集團的活動主要在中華人民共和國 (「中國」)進行,其產品亦銷往北 美、東亞、東南亞及歐洲。

本公司於2007年10月3日根據開 曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立 為獲豁免有限公司。本公司的註冊 辦事處地址為Maples Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands •

本公司股份自2008年3月26日起首 次在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板 上市。

除另有註明外,本簡明綜合中期財 務資料均以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列。

本簡明綜合中期財務資料已於2019 年11月19日獲批准刊發。

本簡明綜合中期財務資料已獲審閱 但未經審核。

編製基準

截至2019年9月30日止六個月之簡 明綜合中期財務資料已按照香港會 計準則第34號「中期財務報告」編 製。簡明綜合中期財務資料不包括 所有一般載於年度綜合財務報表的 附註。因此, 簡明綜合中期財務資 料應與截至2019年3月31日止年度 之年度財務報表一併閱讀,該財務 報表是根據香港財務報告準則編製 的,唯下文所披露之採納新訂準則 及經修訂準則除外。

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019, as described in those annual financial statements, except for the estimation of income tax using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings and the adoption of amendments to HKFRSs effective for the financial year ending 31 March 2020.

(a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period and the Group had to change its accounting policies accordingly. None of them has significant financial impact to the Group except for HKFRS 16 as disclosed.

(i) HKFRS 16 'Leases'

The Group has adopted HKFRS 16 'Leases' from 1 April 2019, but has not restated comparatives for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the simplified transition approach in the standard. The reclassifications and the adjustments arising from the new leasing standard are therefore recognised in the opening balance sheet on 1 April 2019.

Adjustments recognised on adoption

On adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of HKAS 17 'Leases'. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 April 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 April 2019 was 4.00%.

3. 會計政策

除所得税採用適用於預期年度盈利總 額的税率估計及採納於截至2020年 3月31日止財政年度生效的香港財務 報告準則的修訂外,編製本簡明綜合 中期財務資料所採用之會計政策與截 至2019年3月31日止年度之年度財 務報表所採用的會計政策一致。

(a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準 則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋

> 多項新訂或經修訂準則適用於 本報告期間,本集團已相應變 更其會計政策。除所披露之香 港財務報告準則第16號外, 該等新訂、經修訂準則及詮釋 概無對本集團產生重大財務影 響:

(i) 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

本集團自2019年4月1日 起採納香港財務報告準則 第16號「租賃」,唯按該 準則的簡化過渡方法所允 許,並未重列2018年報 告期間之比較資料。因 此,該等新租賃準則所導 致的重新分類及調整於 2019年4月1日的資產負 債表確認。

採納時確認的調整

採納香港財務報告準則第 16號時,本集團就先前 根據香港會計準則第17 號「租賃」的原則被分類為 「經營租賃」的租賃確認了 租賃負債。該等負債按餘 下租賃款項的現值計量, 並使用承租人於2019年 4月1日的增量借款利率 貼現。承租人於2019年4 月1日應用於租賃負債的 加權平均增量借款利率為 4.00%。

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a)

ew standards, amendments and interpretation				
KFRSs adopted by the Group (continued)	則		昏港財務報告準 、修訂及詮釋	
HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)	(i)	香港財務 號「租賃」	報告準則第16 <i>(續)</i>	
Adjustments recognised on adoption (continu	採納時確認	採納時確認的調整(續)		
			RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Operating lease commitments (excluding leases relating to land use rights) disclosed as at 31 March 2019	於2019年3月31日 租賃承擔(不包括與 權相關之租賃)		142,656	
Less: Short-term leases to be recognised on a straight-line basis as expenses Low-value leases to be recognised on a straight-line basis as expenses	減: 按直線法將確認為開支的短期 租賃 按直線法將確認為開支的低價值 租賃		(5,614) (2,605)	
			134,437	
Discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application, representing additional lease liabilities recognised as at 1 April 2019	於初始應用日期採用承租人的 增量借貸利率進行的貼現, 相當於2019年4月1日確認 的額外租賃負債		105,596	
Add:	加:		105,590	
Reclassification of land use rights	土地使用權的重新分	類	939,914	
Right-of-use assets recognised as at 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日確 使用權資產	認的	1,045,510	

3. 會計政策(續)

by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet as at 1 April 2019. There were no onerous lease contracts that would have required an adjustment to the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application.

使用權資產乃按相當於租 賃負債的金額計量,並根 據於2019年4月1日資產 負債表確認之該租賃相關 之任何預付或應計租賃付 款金額進行調整。於初始 應用日期,概無虧損性租 賃合約需要對使用權資產 進行調整。

3.	ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)			3.	會計政策 (續)			
	(a)	(a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group <i>(continued)</i>				(a)		5香港財務報告準 則、修訂及詮釋
		(i)	HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued))			(i) 香港財 號「租賃	務報告準則第16 [] <i>(續)</i>
		Adjustments recognised on adoption (continued)		option (continued)			採納時確認的調整(續)	
	o o		的使用權資產與以 資產有關:					
						30	September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 April 2019 2019年 4月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
			Land use rights Buildings and warehouses Equipment and others	土地使用權 樓宇及倉庫 設備及其他			928,468 117,899 202	939,914 105,386 210
			Total right-of-use assets	使用權資產總值			1,046,569	1,045,510
			Current lease liabilities Non-current lease liabilities	流動租賃負債 非流動租賃負債			44,777 74,855	26,075 79,521
			Total lease liabilities	租賃負債總額			119,632	105,596

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (i) HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

Adjustments recognised on adoption (continued)

The change in accounting policy affected the following items in the balance sheet on 1 April 2019:

- Leasehold land and land use rights decrease by RMB939,914,000
- right-of-use assets increase by RMB1,045,510,000
- lease liabilities (current portion) increase by RMB26,075,000
- lease liabilities (non-current portion) increase by RMB79,521,000

There was no impact on retained earnings on 1 April 2019.

Impact on segment disclosures and profit

Segment profit for the six months ended 30 September 2019 decreased, while segments assets and segment liabilities as at 30 September 2019 both increased as a result of the changes in accounting policies. The following segments were affected by the changes in policies:

3. 會計政策(續)

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (續)
 - (i) 香港財務報告準則第16 號「租賃」*(續)*

採納時確認的調整(續)

於2019年4月1日,會計 政策影響下列資產負債表 之項目:

- 租賃土地及土地使
 用權 減少人民幣
 939,914,000元
- 使用權資產-增加人 民幣1,045,510,000元
- 租賃負債(即期部 分)-增加人民幣
 26,075,000元
- 租賃負債(非即期 部分)-增加人民幣 79,521,000元
- 於2019年4月1日之保留 溢利並無受到任何影響。
- 對分部披露及溢利之影響

截至2019年9月30日止 六個月分部利潤減少,而 於2019年9月30日之分部 資產及分部負債則增加, 兩者的增加均由於會計政 策變動所致。以下分部受 政策變動影響:

		Segment profit 分部利潤 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Segment assets 分部資產 RMB ³ 000 人民幣千元	Segment liabilities 分部負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Rice crackers Dairy products and beverages Snack foods Other products	米果產品 乳品及飲料 休閒食品 其他產品	405 1,313 628 31	20,101 65,201 31,202 1,597	20,361 66,047 31,606 1,618
		2,377	118,101	119,632
- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (i) HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

Practical expedients applied

In applying HKFRS 16 for the first time, the Group has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- the use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- reliance on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous;
- the accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 April 2019 as short-term leases;
- the exclusion of initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application; and
- the use of hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The Group has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Group relied on its assessment made applying HKAS 17 'Leases' and HK (IFRIC) 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease'.

3. 會計政策(續)

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準 則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 *(續)*
 - (i) 香港財務報告準則第16 號「租賃」*(續)*

所應用的可行權宜方法

於首次採納香港財務報告 準則第16號時,本集團 已使用以下該準則所允許 的可行權宜方法:

- 對具有合理相似特 徵的租賃組合使用 單一貼現率;
- 依賴先前關於租賃 是否虧損的評估;
- 對於2019年4月1日 剩餘租期少於12個 月的經營租賃的會 計處理為短期租賃;
- 在首次應用日期排 除初始直接成本以 計量使用權資產; 及
- 當合約包含延長或 終止租約的選擇 時,以事後分析結 果確定租期。

本集團亦已選擇不重新評 估合約在首次應用日期是 否或包含租賃。相反,對 於在過渡日期之前訂立的 合約,本集團依據其應用 香港會計準則第17號「租 賃」及香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)詮釋第4號 「釐定安排是否包括租賃」 作出的評估。

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (i) HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, warehouses and equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Until 31 March 2019, leases of buildings and warehouses, equipment and others were classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases were charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

From 1 April 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments).

3. 會計政策(續)

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋
 (續)
 - (i) 香港財務報告準則第16 號「租賃」(續)

本集團的租賃活動及其會 計方法

本集團租賃各種辦公室、 倉庫及設備。租約一般為 固定期。租賃條款按個別 基準協商且包含多種不同 條款及條件。租賃協議並 無施加任何條款,唯租賃 資產不得用作借款的擔保 品。

截至2019年3月31日,樓 宇及倉庫,設備及其他的 租賃分類為經營租賃。根 據經營租賃作出的付款於 租賃期內以直線法自損益 扣除。

租賃產生的資產及負債初 步按現值計量。租賃負債 包括固定付款(包括實質 固定付款)的淨現值。

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (i) HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for (continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise small items of equipment and others.

Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property and equipment leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor. None of the extension option was exercised in the six months ended 30 September 2019.

3. 會計政策(續)

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (續)
 - (i) 香港財務報告準則第16 號「租賃」*(續)*

本集團的租賃活動及其會 計方法(續)

租賃付款使用租賃所隱含 的利率予以貼現。倘未能 釐定該利率,則使用承租 人的增量借貸利率,即承 租人以類似條款及條件在 類似經濟環境中借入獲得 類似價值資產所需資金所 必須支付的利率。

使用權資產按成本計量, 包括以下各項:

- 租賃負債的初步計 量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前 所作的任何租賃付 款減任何已收取租 賃優惠。

與短期租賃及低價值資產 租賃相關的付款以直線法 於損益確認為開支。短期 租賃指租賃期為12個月 或以下的租賃。低價值資 產包括設備及其他。

延期及終止選擇權

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (i) HKFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

Extension and termination options (continued)

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended.

- (ii) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle which were finalised in December 2017:
 - HKFRS 3 'Business Combinations'-clarified that obtaining control of a business that is a joint operation is a business combination achieved in stages.
 - HKFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements'-clarified that the party obtaining joint control of a business that is a joint operation should not remeasure its previously held interest in the joint operation.
 - HKAS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities'-clarified that the income tax consequences of dividends on financial instruments classified as equity should be recognised according to where the past transactions or events that generated distributable profits were recognised.
 - HKAS 23 'Borrowing Costs'-clarified that, if a specific borrowing remains outstanding after the related qualifying asset is ready for its intended use or sale, it becomes part of general borrowings.

3. 會計政策(續)

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (續)
 - (i) 香港財務報告準則第16 號「租賃」*(續)*

延期及終止選擇權(續)

於釐定租期時,管理層會 考慮構成經濟誘因以行使 延期選擇權的所有事實及 情況。延期選擇權僅會於 合理肯定租賃將會延長時 計入租期。

- (ii) 2017年12月完成的香港 財務報告準則2015年至 2017年週期年度改進:
 - 香港財務報告準則 第3號Г業務合併」── 澄清了取得合營業 務控制權乃分階段 進行之業務合併。
 - 香港財務報告準則 第11號「合營安排」 一澄清取得屬共同 經營的業務的共同 控制權一方毋須該 新計量其先前於該 共同經營中持有的 權益。
 - 香港會計準則第12 號「披露其他實體的 權益」一澄清了分 類為權益之金融工 具之股息所得税影 響應根據過去產 可分配溢利之交易 或事件確認時確認。
 - 香港會計準則第23 號「借貸成本」一澄 清,倘特定借貸於 相關合資格資產可 用於其擬定用途或 銷售後仍未清償, 則成為一般借貸之 一部分。

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (iii) HK (IFRIC) 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments', explains how to recognise and measure deferred and current income tax assets and liabilities where there is uncertainty over a tax treatment. In particular, it discusses:
 - how to determine the appropriate unit of account, and that each uncertain tax treatment should be considered separately or together as a group, depending on which approach better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty;
 - that the entity should assume a tax authority will examine the uncertain tax treatments and have full knowledge of all related information, i.e., detection risk should be ignored;
 - that the entity should reflect the effect of the uncertainty in its income tax accounting when it is not probable that the tax authorities will accept the treatment;
 - that the impact of the uncertainty should be measured using either the most likely amount or the expected value method, depending on which method better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty, and
 - that the judgements and estimates made must be reassessed whenever circumstances have changed or there is new information that affects the judgements.

While there are no new disclosure requirements, entities are reminded of the general requirement to provide information about judgements and estimates made in preparing the financial statements.

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (續)
 - (iii) 香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)詮釋第23號「所 得税處理之不確定性」, 闡述在存在税務處理不確 定性的情況下遞延及當期 所得税資產及負債的確認 及計量方法。具體而言, 其就以下各項進行討論:
 - 如何確定適當的賬 戶單位,及須釐定 獨立或集中考慮各 項不確定税項處 理,取決於更佳預 測不確定性之解決 方法;
 - 實體應假設税務機 關將檢查不確定的 税務處理並充分了 解所有相關資料, 即應忽略檢測風險;
 - 當税務機關不太可 能接受處理時,實 體應反映其所得税 會計中不確定性的 影響;
 - 應使用最可能發生 的金額或確 來衡量,具體 取決 何種方法可最佳 別不確 定性的解決 方案,及
 - 無論何時發生情況 變化或有新的資料 影響判決,均須重 新評估所做出的判 斷及估計。
 - 儘管並無新的披露規定, 各實體須注意提供有關編 製財務報表時作出的判斷 及估計資料的一般要求。

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (iv) Amendments to HKFRS 9 regarding prepayment features with negative compensation, enable entities to measure certain prepayable financial assets with negative compensation at amortised cost. These assets, which include some loan and debt securities, would otherwise have to be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

To qualify for amortised cost measurement, the negative compensation must be 'reasonable compensation for early termination of the contract' and the asset must be held within a 'held to collect' business model.

(v) Amendments to HKAS 28 regarding long-term interests in associates and joint ventures, clarify the accounting for long-term interests in an associate or joint venture, which in substance form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture, but to which equity accounting is not applied. Entities must account for such interests under HKFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' before applying the loss allocation and impairment requirements in HKAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures'.

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋
 (續)
 - (iv) 香港財務報告準則第9號 關於具有負補償的提前還 款特性之修訂,以便實體 按攤銷成本計量有負賠償 的若干可預付金融資產。 否則該等包括若干貸款及 債務證券的資產需按公平 值計入損益計量。
 - 負賠償必須為「對提前終 止合同的合理賠償」及資 產的業務模式必須為「持 有以收取」,以符合以攤 銷成本計量的資格。
 - (v) 香港會計準則第28號關於於聯營公司及合營企業的長期權益之修訂, 它在聯營公司或合營企業中擁有長期利益, 宣徑, 定確有長期利益, 實體必須在採用和權益、核算的會計處一個, 定業的是一個, 先採用香港對點, 定業的提供分配及減值的要求前, 先採用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」作該等權益之會計核算。

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretation of HKFRSs adopted by the Group *(continued)*
 - (vi) Amendments to HKAS 19 regarding plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, clarify the accounting for defined benefit plan amendments, curtailments and settlements. They confirm that entities must:
 - calculate the current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the reporting period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement by using the updated assumptions from the date of the change;
 - recognise any reduction in a surplus immediately in profit or loss, either as part of past service cost or as a gain or loss on settlement. In other words, a reduction in a surplus must be recognised in profit or loss even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling;
 - separately recognise any changes in the asset ceiling through other comprehensive income.

- (a) 本集團採納的香港財務報告準則的新訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (續)
 - (vi) 香港會計準則第19號關於計劃修改、縮減或結算之修訂,澄清了對界定受益計劃修改、縮減及結算的會計核算。本次修改要求實體:
 - 在計劃修改、縮減 或結算後,使用自 更改日期起的更新 後假設來計算報告 期剩餘期間的當期 服務成本及淨利 息;

 - 在其他全面收益單 獨確認資產上限的 任何變化。

- (b) The following new standard, new interpretations and amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 April 2019 and have not been early adopted by the Group:
 - HKFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts', effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.
 - (ii) Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 regarding definition of material, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.
 - (iii) Amendments to HKFRS 3 regarding definition of a business, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.
 - (iv) Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.
 - (v) Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 regarding sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture, originally intended to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The effective date has now been deferred/ removed.

- (b) 以下新訂準則、新詮釋以及準則及詮釋之修訂已頒佈但尚未於2019年4月1日開始之財政年度生效,且未獲本集團提前採納:
 - (i) 香港財務報告準則第17
 號「保險合約」,自2021
 年1月1日或之後起年度
 期間生效。
 - (ii) 香港會計準則第1號及香 港會計準則第8號有關重 大定義之修訂,自2020 年1月1日或之後起年度 期間生效。
 - (iii) 香港財務報告準則第3號 有關業務定義之修訂,自
 2020年1月1日或之後起
 年度期間生效。
 - (iv) 財務報告之經修訂概念框
 架,自2020年1月1日或
 之後起年度期間生效。
 - (v) 香港財務報告準則第10 號及香港會計準則第28 號關於投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業之間的資產 出售或注資之修訂,原訂 於2016年1月1日或之後 開始之年度期間生效。有 關生效日期現已押後/刪 除。

4. ESTIMATES

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation of uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019, with the exception of changes in estimates that are required in determining the provision for income taxes.

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 March 2019 as well as the credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as described below.

As at 30 September 2019, all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were deposited in the high quality financial institutions without significant credit risk.

There have been no changes in the risk management department since year end or in any risk management policies.

4. 估計

編製簡明綜合中期財務資料要求管 理層對影響會計政策的應用和所報 告資產和負債以及收支的數額作出 判斷、估計和假設。實際結果或會 與此等估計不同。

在編製此簡明綜合中期財務資料時,管理層應用本集團會計政策時 作出的重大判斷和估計不確定性的 關鍵來源,與截至2019年3月31日 止年度之綜合財務報表所應用的相 同,唯於釐定所得税撥備的估計變 更除外。

5. 財務風險管理

5.1 財務風險因素

本集團的活動承受着多種財務風險: 市場風險(包括貨幣風險、公平值利 率風險、現金流量利率風險及價格 風險)、信貸風險及流動性風險。

簡明綜合中期財務資料並未包括年 度財務報表規定之所有財務風險管 理信息和披露,且須與本集團之於 2019年3月31日的年度財務報表以 及下文所述按公平值透過損益記賬 的金融資產的信用風險一併閱讀。

於2019年9月30日,按公平值透過 損益記賬的所有金融資產均存放在 並無重大信用風險的高質素金融機 構。

自年末以來風險管理部門或風險管 理政策概無變動。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

5.2 Liquidity risk

Compared to year end, there was no material change in the contractual undiscounted cash outflows for financial liabilities.

As at 30 September 2019, the contractual maturities of financial liabilities were as follows:

5.	財務	風險	管理	(續)
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5.2 流動性風險

與年末相比,金融負債的合約未貼 現現金流出並無重大變動。

於2019年9月30日,金融負債的合約到期情況如下:

		Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cash flows 合約
		少於 1 年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1年至2年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2年至5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	5年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	現金流總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 30 September 2019	於2019年9月30日					
The Group	本集團					
Trade payables (Note 13)	貿易應付款(附註13)	1,217,600	-	-	-	1,217,600
Borrowings (Note 14)	借款(附註14)	1,637,941	5,192,412	3,536,450	-	10,366,803
Interests payable	應付利息	277,045	195,139	62,133	-	534,317
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	49,091	33,354	28,165	20,794	131,404
Other payables and	其他應付款及其他					
other non-current liabilities	非流動負債	1,515,686	5,898	17,692	58,492	1,597,768
		4,697,363	5,426,803	3,644,440	79,286	13,847,892
At 31 March 2019	於2019年3月31日					
(restated)	(經重列)					
The Group	本集團					
Trade payables (Note 13)	貿易應付款(附註13)	1,034,900	-	-	_	1,034,900
Borrowings (Note 14)	借款(附註14)	1,743,882	-	7,808,610	-	9,552,492
Interests payable	應付利息	268,746	253,879	326,331	-	848,956
Other payables and	其他應付款及其他					
other non-current liabilities	非流動負債	1,398,230	5,898	17,692	60,311	1,482,131
		4,445,758	259,777	8,152,633	60,311	12,918,479

5.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).

5.3 公平值估計

•

下表利用估值方法分析按公平值入 賬的金融工具。不同層級定義如下:

相同資產或負債在活躍市場的 報價(未經調整)(第1層)。

5. 財務風險管理(續)

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

5.3	Fair value estimation (cont	inued)		5.3 公平	值估計 <i>(續)</i>	
•	Inputs other than quoted p 1 that are observable for directly (that is, as prices) of from prices) (level 2).	the asset or liability, ei	ither	該資 輸入	第1層所包括 產或負債的同 可為直接(即 (即源自價格)	可觀察的其 例如價格
•	Inputs for the asset or liab observable market data (th (level 3).			場數	或負債並非依 據的輸入(即 第3層)。	
	following table presents the 0 measured at fair value at 30	-	that		本集團按2019 量之金融資產	
			Level 1 第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Tot 總 RMB'0 人民幣千
As	sets	 資產				
	nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值透過其他全面 收益記賬的金融資產	38,533	-	5	38,5
The		收益記賬的金融資產 Group's financial assets			5 本集團按2019 量之金融資產	
The	other comprehensive income following table presents the 0	收益記賬的金融資產 Group's financial assets			本集團按2019	9年3月3

or economic circumstances that affect the fair value of the Group's financial assets.

何重大變動以致影響本集團之金融 資產的公平值。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

5.4 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Level 2 represents financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which have been fair valued using quoted market price.

5.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount as at the balance sheet date:

- Trade receivables
- · Deposits and other receivables
- · Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade payables
- Other payables
- Lease liabilities
- Borrowings
- Contract liabilities

- 5. 財務風險管理(續)
 - 5.4 用以取得第2層公平值的估值 技術

第2層指按公平值透過損益記賬的金 融資產,乃按所報市價計算公平值。

5.5 按已攤銷成本計量的金融資產 及負債之公平值

於結算日,下列金融資產及負債的 公平值接近其賬面值:

- 貿易應收款
- 按金及其他應收款
- 現金及現金等價物
- 貿易應付款
- 其他應付款
- 租賃負債
- 借款
- 合約負債

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the executive Directors. The executive Directors review the Group's internal reports in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on their reports.

The executive Directors consider the business from a product perspective and assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of segment profit or loss. Management assesses the performance of rice crackers, dairy products and beverages, snack foods and other products.

The Group's operations are mainly organized under four business segments, including manufacturing and sale of:

- Rice crackers, including sugar coated crackers, savoury crackers and fried crackers, gift packs;
- Dairy products and beverages, including flavoured milk, room-temperature yogurt, yogurt drinks, ready-todrink coffee, juice drinks, sports drinks, herbal tea and milk powder;
- Snack foods, including candies, popsicles, ball cakes and jellies, beans, nuts and others; and
- Other products, including mainly wine and other food products.

Over 90% of the Group's revenue and business activities are conducted in the PRC.

The executive Directors assess the performance of the business segments based on profit before income tax without allocation of unallocated costs, finance income-net and share of losses of associates, which is consistent with that in the financial statements.

6. 分部資料

執行董事為主要營運決策者。執行 董事負責審閲本集團之內部報告, 以評估表現和分配資源。管理層乃 根據該等報告釐定營運分部。

執行董事從產品的角度考慮業務及 根據分部損益之計量基準評估營運 分部之表現。管理層評估米果、乳 品及飲料、休閒食品和其他產品之 表現。

本集團的營運主要以下列四個業務 分部統籌,包括生產及銷售:

- 米果產品,包括糖衣燒米餅、 鹹酥米餅及油炸小食、大禮包;
- 乳品及飲料,包括風味牛奶、
 常溫酸奶、乳酸飲料、即飲咖啡、果汁飲料、運動飲料、涼茶及奶粉;
- 休閒食品,包括糖果、冰品、 小饅頭和果凍、豆類、果仁和 其他;及
- 其他產品,主要為酒類及其他 食品。

本集團超過90%的收益及業務都是 在中國進行。

執行董事根據除所得税前利潤(不計 對未分配成本、融資收入-淨額及 應佔聯營公司虧損之分配)評估業務 分部之表現,與財務報表-致。

The segment information for the six months ended 30 September 2019 is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

截至2019年9月30日止六個月分部 資料如下:

		Six months ended 30 September 2019 截至 2019 年 9 月 30 日止六個月				
		Rice crackers 米果 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Dairy products and beverages 乳品及飲料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Snack foods 休閒食品 RMB [;] 000 人民幣千元	Other products 其他產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Group 集團 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment results	分部業績					
Revenue	收益	1,820,605	4,949,929	2,508,634	24,903	9,304,071
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	收益確認之時間 於某一個時間點	1,820,605	4,949,929	2,508,634	24,903	9,304,071
Segment profit Unallocated costs Finance income – net Share of losses of associates Profit before income tax Income tax expense	分部利潤 未分配成本 融資收入-淨額 應佔聯營公司虧損 除所得税前利潤 所得税費用	287,553	1,531,721	513,081	11,956	2,344,311 (290,544) 137,375 (1,775) 2,189,367 (584,518)
Profit for the period	期間利潤					1,604,849
Other segment items included in the income statement Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of right-of-use assets Depreciation of investment properties Unallocated depreciation and amortisation of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets	計入收益表之其他 分部項目 物業、機器及 設備資產攤銷 使用權物業折舊 物業、機構產資產人工 按資物業、機器及設備、 使資物業、機權資產、 投資和折舊及攤銷	115,845 7,456 –	174,649 15,379 –	114,203 7,341 _	1,042 1,641 731	405,739 31,817 731 8,325
	次★ 田十					0,020
Capital expenditure Capital expenditure by segments Unallocated capital expenditure	資本開支 按分部劃分之資本開支 未分配資本開支	16,997	47,024	33,164	7,021	104,206 31,211
Total capital expenditure	資本開支總額					135,417

6. 分部資料(續)

The segment assets and liabilities as at 30 September 2019 are as follows:

於2019年9月30日的分部資產及負 債如下:

			30 September 2019 2019 年 9 月 30 日			
		Rice crackers 米果 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Dairy products and beverages 乳品及飲料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Snack foods 休閒食品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other products 其他產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Group 集團 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets and liabilities Segment assets Unallocated assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments in associates	分部資產及負債 分部資產 未分配資產 現金及現金等價物 聯營公司投資	2,229,700	6,896,981	3,328,331	120,990	12,576,002 124,543 16,636,232 17,004
Total assets	總資產					29,353,781
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Borrowings	分部負債 未分配負債 借款	947,445	2,586,634	1,309,412	14,299	4,857,790 202,837 10,335,645
Total liabilities	總負債					15,396,272

The segment information for the six months ended 30 September 2018 is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

截至2018年9月30日止六個月分部 資料如下:

		Six months ended 30 September 2018 截至 2018年9月 30 日止六個月				
		Rice crackers 米果 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Dairy products and Beverages 乳品及飲料 RMB [*] 000 人民幣千元	Snack foods 休閒食品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other products 其他產品 RMB ¹ 000 人民幣千元	Group 集團 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment results	分部業績					
Revenue	收益	1,859,329	4,690,316	2,675,834	22,646	9,248,125
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	收益確認時間 於某一個時間點	1,859,329	4,690,316	2,675,834	22,646	9,248,125
Segment profit Unallocated costs Finance income-net Share of losses of associates	分部利潤 未分配成本 融資收入一淨額 應佔聯營公司虧損	261,331	1,333,516	493,668	908	2,089,423 (317,071) 112,403 (3,697)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前利潤 所得税費用					1,881,058 (525,590)
Profit for the period	期間利潤					1,355,468
Other segment items included in the income statement Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	計入收益表之其他 分部項目 物業、機器及 設備折舊	118,838	168,529	115,515	608	403,490
Amortisation of leasehold land and land use rights Depreciation of investment properties Unallocated depreciation and amortisation of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and land use rights, investment properties	租賃土地及土地 使用權攤銷 投資物業折舊 物業、機器及設備、租賃 土地及土地使用權、 投資物業及無形資產 未分配折舊及攤銷	3,131 _	7,053 –	3,067 _	611 730	13,862 730
and intangible assets		-	-	_	_	9,667
Capital expenditure Capital expenditure by segments Unallocated capital expenditure	資本開支 按分部劃分之資本開支 未分配資本開支	40,733	78,195	12,606	16,428	147,962 33,698
Total Capital expenditure	資本開支總額					181,660

6. 分部資料(續)

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2019 are as follows:

於2019年3月31日的分部資產及負 債如下:

		_	31 March 2019 (restated) 2019年3月31日(經重列)			
			Dairy			
		Rice Crackers 米果 RMB'000 人民幣千元	products and beverages 乳品及飲料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Snack foods 休閒食品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other products 其他產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Group 集團 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets and liabilities Segment assets Unallocated assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments in associates	分部資產及負債 分部資產 未分配資產 現金及現金等價物 聯營公司投資	2,518,037	6,711,871	3,223,981	120,879	12,574,768 120,430 17,160,428 18,779
Total assets	總資產					29,874,405
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Borrowings	分部負債 未分配負債 借款	1,280,730	2,256,105	1,193,901	11,077	4,741,813 155,405 9,517,360
Total liabilities	總負債					14,414,578

7. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

7. 聯營公司投資

		Six months ended 30 September 2019 截至2019年9月30日 止六個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Opening balance Share of losses of associates	期初結餘 應佔聯營公司虧損	18,779 (1,775)
Closing balance	期末結餘	17,004

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, LEASEHOLD LAND AND LAND USE RIGHTS, INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

 物業、機器及設備,租賃土地及土 地使用權,投資物業以及無形資產

		Property, plant and equipment 物業、機器 及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Leasehold land and land use rights 租賃土地及 土地使用權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Investment properties 投資物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Intangible assets 無形資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Six months ended 30 September 2019 Opening net book amount as at 1 April 2019 (restated) Additions Disposals Depreciation and amortisation Exchange differences Reclassification	截至2019年9月30日 止六個月 於2019年4月1日 期初賬面淨值 (經重列) 增添 處置 折舊及攤銷 匯兑差額 重新分類	7,331,250 164,521 (7,502) (411,671) 6,221 –	939,914 - - - - (939,914)	38,038 – – (731) 809 –	14,199 434 – (1,376) 204 –
Closing net book amount as at 30 September 2019	於2019年9月30日 期末賬面淨值	7,082,819	_	38,116	13,461
Six months ended 30 September 2018 Opening net book amount as at 1 April 2018 (restated) Additions Disposals Depreciation and amortisation Exchange differences	截至2018年9月30日 止六個月 於2018年4月1日 期初賬面淨值 (經重列) 增添 處置 折舊及攤銷 匯兑差額	7,807,934 183,112 (7,360) (411,690) 6,634	1,149,627 – – (13,964) 854	39,293 (730) 797	15,968 509 – (1,365) 195
Closing net book amount as at 30 September 2018 (restated)	於 2018 年 9 月 30 日 期末賬面淨值 (經重列)	7,578,630	1,136,517	39,360	15,307

9. INVENTORIES

9. 存貨

		30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
Raw materials and packaging materials Work in progress Finished goods	原材料及 包裝物料 在製品 製成品	1,577,929 213,795 672,228	1,367,994 214,805 603,542
Goods in transit	運送中貨物 總計	112,638 2,576,590	201,406

10. TRADE RECEIVABLES

10. 貿易應收款

		30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
Trade receivables – from third parties – from related parties (Note 21(b))	貿易應收款 一應收第三方 一應收關聯方 (附註21(b))	995,810 18,541	1,094,011 13,039
Less: provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	1,014,351 (75,262)	1,107,050 (72,080)
Trade receivables, net	貿易應收款,淨額	939,089	1,034,970

Most of the Group's sales are on cash-on-delivery basis whereas those made through modern distribution channels are normally on credit terms ranging from 60 to 90 days (for the year ended 31 March 2019: 60 to 90 days). 本集團大部分的銷售以款到發貨的 方式進行,透過現代分銷渠道的信 貸客戶一般獲授予60天至90天的信 貸期(截至2019年3月31日止年度: 60天至90天)。

10. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

As at 30 September 2019 and 31 March 2019, the ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

10. 貿易應收款(續)

於2019年9月30日及2019年3月31 日貿易應收款根據賬單日期的賬齡 分析如下:

		30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
Within 60 days	60天內	632,285	447,461
61-90 days	61至90天	155,235	368,864
91-180 days	91至180天	72,266	199,770
181-365 days	181至365天	92,026	36,511
Over 365 days	365天以上	62,539	54,444
Total	總計	1,014,351	1,107,050

11. SHARE CAPITAL

11. 股本

		Number of shares 股數	Registered capital 註冊資本 US\$000 千美元
Authorized: Shares of US\$0.02 each As at 1 April 2019 till	法定: 每股面值0.02美元之股份 於 2019年4月1 日至	20.000.000.000	000.000
30 September 2019	2019年9月30日	30,000,000,000	600,000
		Number of shares 股數	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
Shares of US\$0.02 each	每股面值0.02美元之股份		
As at 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	12,449,287,135	1,871,067
Shares repurchased and cancelled	已購回及註銷之股份	(26,650,000)	(3,657)
As at 30 September 2019	於 2019年9月30 日	12,422,637,135	1,867,410

11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

11. 股本(續)

		Number of shares 股數	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 April 2018 till 30 September 2018	於2018年4月1日至 2018年9月30日	12,449,287,135	1,871,067
The movements in issued sha during the six months ended 3 follows:		本公司於截至2019年 個月之已發行股本變	
The Company acquired 26,650,000 of its own shares for the six months ended 30 September 2019 (for the six months ended 30 September 2018: nil) through purchases on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited from April to September 2019, and the shares were cancelled in May 2019.		本公司從2019年4月 聯合交易所有限公 26,650,000股股份(30日止六個月:無) 於2019年5月註銷。	司購買其本身 截至2018年9月
The total amount paid to acquire months ended 30 September 2 and was deducted from share c retained earnings of RMB138,7 six months ended 30 September	2019 was RMB142,357,000 apital of RMB3,657,000 and 00,000 respectively (for the	截至2019年9月30日 購上述股份所支付之 142,357,000元,並会 留盈利中扣除人民幣 人民幣138,700,000 9月30日止六個月:	2 金額為人民幣 分別於股本及保 3,657,000元及 元(截至2018年

12. RESERVES

12. 儲備

			Share premium	Capital reserves	FVOCI reserves 按公平值 透過其他	Currency realignment reserves	Statutory reserves	Subtotal	Retained earnings	Total
		Note 附註	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note (a)</i> <i>附註(a)</i>	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note (b)</i> <i>附註(b)</i>	全面收益 記賬儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	貨幣調整 儲備 RMB [*] 000 人民幣千元	法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note</i> (c) <i>附註(c)</i>	小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 April 2019 Adjustment due to business combinations under common	於2019年4月1日 因共同控制下業務合併產生 的調整		462,130	(7,310,629)	19,323	(244,723)	3,120,043	(3,953,856)	17,413,488	13,459,632
control	HJHJIT	22	-	48,640	-	-	-	48,640	(17,049)	31,591
As at 1 April 2019 (restated) Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Fair value losses on FVOCI			462,130 _	(7,261,989) –	19,323 –	(244,723) –	3,120,043 _	(3,905,216) -	17,396,439 1,614,913	13,491,223 1,614,913
Remeasurements of post-	按公平值透過其他全面 收益記賬的公平值虧損 退休福利責任		-	-	(959)	-	-	(959)	-	(959)
employment benefit obligations Currency translation differences	之重新計量 貨幣匯兑差額		:	(7)		- (365,908)	-	(7) (365,908)	:	(7) (365,908)
Total comprehensive income for the period	期間的全面收益總額		-	(7)	(959)	(365,908)	-	(366,874)	1,614,913	1,248,039
Business combinations under common control	共同控制下之 業務合併	22	-	(51,986)	(***)	-	-	(51,986)	-	(51,986)
Shares repurchased and cancelled Dividends relating to	已購回及註銷 之股份 2019年支付的		-	-	-	-	-	-	(138,700)	(138,700)
2018 paid in 2019	2019年支付的 2018年度股息	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,543,364)	(2,543,364)
As at 30 September 2019	於2019年9月30日		462,130	(7,313,982)	18,364	(610,631)	3,120,043	4,324,076	16,329,288	12,005,212

12. RESERVES (continued)

12. 儲備(續)

			Share premium	Capital reserves	FVOCI reserves 按公平值	Currency realignment reserves	Statutory reserves	Subtotal	Retained earnings	Total
		Note <i>附註</i>	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note (a) 附註(a)</i>	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note (b) 附註(b)</i>	透過其他 全面收儲 記賬的000 人民幣千元	貨幣調整 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note (c) 附註(c)</i>	小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 April 2018 Adjustment due to business combinations under common	於2018年4月1日 因共同控制下業務合併產生 的調整		462,130	(7,313,620)	28,699	86,371	2,902,322	(3,834,098)	16,451,228	12,617,130
control		22	-	48,640	-	-	-	48,640	(17,049)	31,591
As at 1 April 2018 (restated) Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Fair value losses on FVOCI	2018年4月1日之結餘(經重列) 期間利潤 其他全面收益: 按公平值透過其他全面		462,130 _	(7,264,980) _	28,699 _	86,371 –	2,902,322 -	(3,785,458) _	16,434,179 1,364,413	12,648,721 1,364,413
Currency translation differences	收益記賬的公平值虧損		-	-	(3,869)	- (515,522)	-	(3,869) (515,522)	-	(3,869) (515,522)
Total comprehensive income for the period	期間的全面 收益總額		-	-	(3,869)	(515,522)	-	(519,391)	1,364,413	845,022
Dividends relating to 2017 paid in 2018	2018年支付的 2017年度股息	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,842,996)	(1,842,996)
As at 30 September 2018 (restated)	於2018年9月30日 (經重列)		462,130	(7,264,980)	24,830	(429,151)	2,902,322	(4,304,849)	15,955,596	11,650,747

12. RESERVES (continued)

(a) Share premium

Pursuant to Section 34 of the Cayman Companies Law (2003 Revision) and the Articles of Association of the Company, share premium of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders subject to a solvency test on the Company and the provision of the Articles of Association of the Company.

(b) Capital reserves

This represents capital reserves arising from the share swap transactions during the Group reorganisation in 2007 and the business combinations under common control in 2019.

(c) Statutory reserves

The PRC laws and regulations require companies registered in the PRC to provide for certain statutory reserves, which are to be appropriated from the net profit (after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years) as reported in their respective statutory financial statements, before profit distributions to equity holders. All statutory reserves are created for specific purposes. PRC companies are required to appropriate 10% of statutory net profits to statutory surplus reserves, upon distribution of their post-tax profits of the current year. A company may discontinue the contribution when the aggregate sum of the statutory surplus reserve is more than 50% of its registered capital. The statutory surplus reserves shall only be used to make up losses of the companies, to expand the companies' production operations, or to increase the capital of the companies. In addition, a company may make further contribution to the discretionary surplus reserve using its post-tax profits in accordance with resolutions of the Board of Directors.

The Taiwan Company Law requires a company to appropriate 10% of its annual net income to a legal reserve before it declares any part of such net income as dividends and/or bonuses, until the accumulated legal reserve equals the total registered capital. This reserve can only be used to cover losses, or, if the balance of the reserve exceeds 50% of the registered capital, to increase the registered capital by an amount not exceeding 50% of the legal reserve.

12. 儲備(續)

(a) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法(2003年 修訂)第34條及本公司的公司 章程細則,本公司的股份溢價 可供分派予股東,唯須受本公 司的償債能力測試及本公司的 公司章程細則條文所限。

(b) 資本儲備

此為於2007年本集團重組時進 行股份互換交易及於2019年共 同控制下企業合併產生的資本 儲備。

(c) 法定儲備

中國法律法規要求在中國註冊 的公司從各自法定財務報表所 呈報的淨利潤(抵銷以往年度的 累計虧損後)中,於分派利潤予 權益持有人前,劃撥款項以提 撥若干法定儲備金。所有法定 儲備金均為特定用途而設立。 中國公司於分派當年度的除稅 後利潤時,須向法定盈餘儲備 劃撥淨利潤的10%。當公司法 定盈餘儲備的總和超過其註冊 資本的50%時,公司可停止劃 撥。法定盈餘儲備只可用作彌 補公司的虧損、擴大公司的生 產營運或增加公司的資本。此 外,按照董事會的決議案,公 司可使用其除稅後利潤酌情向 盈餘儲備作出進一步供款。

「台灣地區公司法」規定公司 於宣派任何部分的年度淨收入 作為股息及/或紅利前,將其 年度淨收入的10%劃撥為法定 儲備,直至累計法定儲備等於 總註冊資本為止。該儲備只可 用作彌補虧損,或假若該儲備 的結餘超逾註冊資本的50%, 則可用作增加註冊資本,唯數 額不得超過法定儲備的50%。

13. TRADE PAYABLES

13. 貿易應付款

As at 30 September 2019 and 31 March 2019, the ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

於2019年9月30日及2019年3月31 日,貿易應付款的賬齡分析如下:

		30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 60 days 61 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 365 days	60 天內 61 至 180 天 181 至 365 天 365 天以上	1,195,166 5,773 3,446 13,215	970,721 43,194 6,422 14,563
Total	總計	1,217,600	1,034,900

14. BORROWINGS

14. 借款

		30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
Non-current Current	非流動 流動	8,697,704 1,637,941	7,773,478 1,743,882
Total	總計	10,335,645	9,517,360

14. BORROWINGS (continued)

14. 借款(*續*)

Movements in borrowings are analysed as follows:

借款變動分析如下:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Six months ended 30 September 2019 Opening amount as at 1 April 2019 (restated) Additions Repayments of borrowings Exchange differences	截至 2019年9月30 日止六個月 於2019年4月1日期初值(經重列) 增添 償還借款 匯兑差額	9,517,360 3,807,255 (3,450,773) 461,803
Closing amount as at 30 September 2019	於 2019年9月30 日期末值	10,335,645
Six months ended 30 September 2018 Opening amount as at 1 April 2018 (restated) Additions Repayments of borrowings Exchange differences	截至2018年9月30日止六個月 於2018年4月1日期初值(經重列) 增添 償還借款 匯兑差額	6,907,113 5,833,209 (3,988,550) 695,143
Closing amount as at 30 September 2018 (restated)	於 2018年9月30 日期末值 (經重列)	9,446,915

In 2017, the Group issued US\$500,000,000 guaranteed bonds (the "Bonds") which will be repayable in whole on 27 April 2022. The Bonds were issued with a principal amount of US\$500,000,000, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 2.875% per annum, payable semi-annually and listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The offering price for the Bonds is 98.878% of its principal amount.

In June 2018, the Group issued the private placement notes in an amount of RMB500,000,000 for a term of 1 year with coupon rate of 5.4% per annum ("Private Placement Notes") in the interbank market of the People's Republic of China. As at 30 September 2019, the Private Placement Notes were fully redeemed at the maturity date of 27 June 2019 at their principal amount together with interest payable. 於2017年,本集團發行有擔保債券 (「債券」)500,000,000美元,並將於 2022年4月27日悉數償還。本金額 為500,000,000美元之債券獲發行, 並按2.875%之固定年利率計息(每 半年支付一次)及於香港聯合交易所 有限公司上市。債券之發售價為其 本金額之98.878%。

本集團於2018年6月在中華人民共 和國境內銀行間市場發行金額為人 民幣500,000,000元,期限為1年, 票面利率為每年5.4%之非公開定向 債務融資工具(「非公開定向債務融 資工具」)。於2019年9月30日,非 公開定向債務融資工具已於2019年 6月27日到期日全部贖回,按本金金 額連同應計利息悉數結算。

14. BORROWINGS (continued)

14. 借款(續)

Interest expense on borrowings for the six months ended 30 September 2019 is RMB158,169,000 (for the six months ended 30 September 2018: RMB123,770,000).

The Group had the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

截至2019年9月30日止六個月的借 款利息開支為人民幣158,169,000元 (截至2018年9月30日止六個月:人 民幣123,770,000元)。

本集團有下列未提取的借款融通:

		30 September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Floating rate:	浮動利息:		

- expiring within one year 一一年內到期

15. OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES) - NET

15. 其他收益/(虧損)-淨額

7,321,674

7,552,888

		Six months ended 30 September 截至9月30日止六個月		
		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)	匯兑淨收益/(虧損)	8,270	(31,004)	
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	出售物業、機器及設備 淨虧損	(4,285)	(3,818)	
Gains on disposal of leasehold land	出售租賃土地及		0	
and land use rights Donation expenses	土地使用權收益 捐贈開支	_ (5,538)	3 (2,168)	
Gains on fair value re-measurement of financial assets at fair value	按公平值透過損益記賬 的金融資產重新計量	(0,000)	(2,100)	
through profit or loss	公平值的收益	-	14,555	
Others	其他	3,340	18,089	
Total	總計	1,787	(4,343)	

16. OTHER INCOME

16. 其他收入

		Six mont 30 Sep 截至 9 月 30	tember
		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Government grants Sale of scraps	政府補助金 出售廢棄物資 49.2000年56月	121,555 31,079	174,844 30,806
Rental income from investment properties Others	投資物業所得 租金收入 其他	1,053 3,836	1,861 6,489
Total	總計	157,523	214,000

17. EXPENSES BY NATURE

17. 按性質分類的費用

		Six mont 30 Sep 截至 9 月 30	tember
		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials used and	已用原材料及		
changes in inventory	存貨變動	3,479,354	3,694,43
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支		
including directors' emoluments	(包括董事酬金)	1,876,004	1,905,59
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	445,881	427,01
Transportation expenses	運輸開支	363,578	368,85
Promotion and advertising expenses	宣傳及廣告開支	309,387	340,10
Water, electricity and energy	水電及		
expenses	能源開支	279,977	300,85
Operating lease in respect of	有關租賃土地及		
leasehold land and buildings	樓宇的經營租賃	76,625	82,20
Losses on obsolete and write-down	陳舊及存貨		
of inventories	撇減虧損	40,443	17,67
Others	其他	538,365	548,68
Total of cost of sales, distribution	銷貨成本、分銷成本		
costs and administrative expenses	及行政費用總計	7,409,614	7,685,43

18. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

18. 所得稅費用

		Six mont 30 Sep 截至 9 月 30	tember
		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current income tax – Chinese mainland – Taiwan region – Hong Kong Special Administ Region and overseas	當期所得稅 - 中國境內 - 台灣地區 ratire - 香港特別行政區及海外	509,156 6,776 142	500,205 4,031 195
Deferred income tax	遞延所得稅	516,074 68,444	504,431 21,159
Total	總計	584,518	525,590

Income tax expense is recognised based on management's estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year.

19. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period. 所得稅費用乃根據管理層對整個財 政年度預期加權平均年度所得稅稅 率作出的估計確認。

19. 每股盈利

(a) 基本

每股基本盈利按本公司權益持 有人應佔利潤除以期間已發行 普通股之加權平均數計算。

			Six months ended 30 September 截至9月30日止六個月	
		2019	2018	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (RMB'000) Weighted average number of	本公司權益持有人 應佔利潤 (人民幣千元) 已發行普通股加權	1,614,913	1,364,413	
ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	平均數 (千股)	12,428,837	12,449,287	
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	RMB 12.99 cents 人民幣 12.99分	RMB 10.96 cents 人民幣 10.96 分	

19. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share are the same as the basic earnings per share since the Company does not have diluted shares.

20. DIVIDENDS

Final dividend and special dividend of RMB2,543,364,000 for the year ended 31 March 2019 was paid in September 2019 (for the year ended 31 March 2019: RMB2,296,618,000).

An interim dividend for the six months ended 30 September 2019 of US0.64 cent per share (An interim dividend for the six months ended 30 September 2018: US0.53 cent) was declared by the Board of Directors on 19 November 2019. It is payable on 24 December 2019 to shareholders who are on the register of members of the Company on 6 December 2019. This interim dividend, amounting to RMB550,209,000 (as at 30 September 2018: RMB438,670,000), has not been recognised as a liability in this condensed consolidated interim financial information. It will be recognized in shareholders' equity in the financial year ending 31 March 2020.

19. 每股盈利(續)

(b) 攤薄

由於本公司並無攤薄股份,故 每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利 相等。

20. 股息

截至2019年3月31日止年度的末期股 息及特別股息人民幣2,543,364,000元 已於2019年9月支付(截至2019年3月 31日止年度:人民幣2,296,618,000 元)。

董事會已於2019年11月19日宣派截 至2019年9月30日止六個月的每股 0.64美仙(截至2018年9月30日止 六個月的中期股息:0.53美仙)的中 期股息,並將於2019年12月24日向 於2019年12月6日名列本公司股東 名冊的股東支付。此項為數人民幣 550,209,000元(2018年9月30日: 人民幣438,670,000元)的中期股息 並無於本簡明綜合中期財務資料確 認為負債,但將於截至2020年3月 31日止財政年度確認為股東權益。

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The ultimate controlling parties of the Group are Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Group, and his families.

(a) Transactions with related parties

21. 關聯方交易

本集團之最終控制方為本集團主席及行政總裁蔡衍明先生及其家族。

(a) 與關聯方的交易

		Six months ended 30 September 截至9月30日止六個月	
		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales of goods – a minority of shareholder of a subsidiary of the Group	銷售貨物 -本集團一間附屬公司 之一名少數股東	15,327	14,389
Purchases of goods and services – a company which a Director of the Group has beneficial	購買商品及服務 -本集團一名董事 擁有實益權益		
interest – companies controlled by the Chairman of the Group	之一間公司 一本集團主席擁有 控制權之公司	1,988 5,460	1,654 1,977
		7,448	3,631
Advertising expense – companies controlled by the Chairman of the Group	廣告開支 -本集團主席擁有控制權 之公司	28,200	20,012
Rental expenses of buildings – companies controlled by the Chairman of the Group	樓宇租金開支 -本集團主席擁有控制權 之公司	24,511	20,979
Rental income of buildings – companies jointly controlled by the Chairman of the Group	樓宇租金收入 −本集團主席擁有共同 控制權之公司	896	896

REL	ATED PARTY TRANSACTION	NS (continued) 21.	關聯	靖方交易 (續)	
(b)	Balances with related parties		(b)	與關聯方的結節	餘
			3() September 2019 2019年 9月30日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (經重列)
	Trade receivables (Note 10) – a minority shareholder of a subsidiary of the Group	貿易應收款(附註10) -本集團一間附屬公司 之一名少數股東		18,541	13,039
	Other receivables – subsidiaries of a company which is beneficially owned by the Chairman of the Group	其他應收款 一本集團主席實益 擁有之公司的 附屬公司		2,828	2,373
	Other non-current liabilities – a company jointly controlled by the Chairman of the Group	其他非流動負債 -本集團主席擁有共同 控制權之一間公司		10,344	10,804
	Other payables – a company jointly controlled by the Chairman of the Group	其他應付款 -本集團主席擁有共同 控制權之一間公司		919	919

The receivables are unsecured, bear no interest and without fixed repayment terms. There is no provision held against receivables from related parties (31 March 2019: nil).

In March 2013, a subsidiary of the Group entered into a building lease arrangement with Beijing Want-Yang Foods Ltd. ("Beijing Want-Yang"), a company jointly controlled by the Chairman of the Group, with a contract amount of RMB25,750,000 and a rental period of 20 years. Beijing Want-Yang prepaid RMB17,470,000 to the Group in 2013. During the period ended 30 September 2019, the Group recognized rental income of RMB678,000 (for the six months ended 30 September 2018: RMB678,000) in "other income" in the condensed consolidated interim financial information. The remaining balance of RMB10,344,000 (31 March 2019: RMB10,804,000) and RMB919,000 (31 March 2019: RMB919,000) is recognized as "other non-current liabilities" and "other payables", respectively.

應收款為無抵押、免息及無固定償 還條款。本公司並未就應收關聯方 款項作出撥備(2019年3月31日: 無)。

於2013年3月,本集團附屬公司 與北京旺洋食品有限公司(「北京旺 洋」,其為本集團主席擁有共同控制 權之公司)訂立樓宇租賃安排, 合約 金額為人民幣25,750,000元,租期 為期20年。北京旺洋於2013年向本 集團預付人民幣17,470,000元。截 至2019年9月30日止期間,本集團 於簡明綜合中期財務資料之「其他收 入」中確認租金收入人民幣678.000 元(截至2018年9月30日止六個 月:人民幣678,000元)。餘額人 民幣10,344,000元(2019年3月31 日:人民幣10,804,000元)及人民幣 919,000元(2019年3月31日:人民 幣919,000元)則分別於「其他非流動 負債」及「其他應付款」中確認。

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21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Key management compensation

Key management includes Directors (executive and non-executive) and senior management. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

21. 關聯方交易(續)

(c) 主要管理人員補償

主要管理人員包括董事(執行董 事與非執行董事)和高級管理人 員。向主要管理人員支付作為 員工服務的已付或應付酬金如 下:

		30 Sep	Six months ended 30 September 截至9月30日止六個月		
		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Fees	袍金	2,596	1,623		
Salaries	薪金	2,901	3,603		
Other benefits	其他福利	1,727	1,901		
Employer's contribution to pension	n 僱主對退休金				
scheme	計劃的供款	216	120		
Total	總計	7,440	7,247		

22. BUSINESS COMBINATION

Acquisition of Poyang County Linwang Forestry Development Co., Limited

In June 2019, Want Want (HK) Holdings Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a share purchase agreement with San Want Holdings Limited, pursuant to which, Want Want (HK) Holdings Limited acquired Poyang County Linwang Forestry Development Co., Limited (hereinafter referred to as "Poyang Linwang") from San Want Holdings Limited at a total consideration of USD7.35 million. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Poyang Linwang carries on a business. Before and after the acquisition, Want Want (HK) Holdings Limited and San Want Holdings Limited were ultimately controlled by Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng, and the control was not temporary. As such, the acquisition is considered to be a business combination under common control. According to Hong Kong Accounting Guideline 5 "Merger Accounting for Common Control Combination" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the comparative financial figures of the Group were restated as if Poyang Linwang had been combined since the date of establishment.

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of Poyang Linwang as at the transaction date and the comparative financial figures are as follows:

22. 業務合併

收購鄱陽縣林旺林業開發有限公司

於2019年6月,本公司的子公司香港 旺旺控股有限公司與神旺控股有限 公司簽訂了股權收購協定,根據該 協定,香港旺旺控股有限公司從神 旺控股有限公司收購了鄱陽縣林旺 林業開發有限公司(「鄱陽林旺」), 總對價為735萬美元。公司董事認 為, 鄱陽林旺經營一項業務。 收購 前後,香港旺旺控股有限公司和 神旺控股有限公司均由蔡衍明先生 最終控制,控制並非暫時性的。因
因 此,收購被視為共同控制下的企業 合併。根據香港會計師公會發出的 香港會計準則第5號「同一控制下合 併會計處理」,本集團的比較財務數 字進行了重列,猶如鄱陽林旺自成 立之日起就已納入合併。

於交易日期鄱陽林旺之資產及負債 賬面值及財務比較數字載列如下:

22. BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

22. 業務合併(續)

		18 June 2019 2019年 6月18日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 March 2019 2019年 3月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
ASSETS	資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	7,106	7,134
Inventories	存貨	4,617	3,701
Trade receivables	貿易應收款	678	21
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他應收款		
receivables		2,106	774
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	16,750	26,337
LIABILITIES	負債		
Borrowings	借款	_	3,000
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款	361	3,266
Contract liabilities	合約負債		110
Net Assets	淨資產	30,896	31,591
Difference recognised in equity	於權益確認之差額	21,090	
Total purchase consideration	購買代價總額	51,986	_

23. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE 23. 於結算日後發生之事項 SHEET DATE

In October 2019, the Company repurchased its own ordinary shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited as follows:

於2019年10月,本公司已於香港聯 合交易所有限公司購回其本身之普 通股股份:

	Number of shares repurchased 已購回之 股份數目	Highest price paid per share 已付之最高 每股價格 HK\$ 港元	Lowest price paid per share 已付之最低 每股價格 HK\$ 港元	Aggregate amount paid 已付總額 HK\$'000 千港元
October 2019 2019年	10月 7,453,000	6.35	6.18	46,944

The repurchased shares were cancelled and the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares in October 2019.

已購回之股份已被註銷,而本公司 之已發行股本於2019年10月扣除該 等股份之面值。

INTERIM DIVIDEND AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

On 19 November 2019, the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") declared an interim dividend of the Company of US0.64 cent per ordinary share of the Company for the six months ended 30 September 2019. The interim dividend will be paid on or about 24 December 2019 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 6 December 2019. Shareholders registered under the principal register of members in the Cayman Islands will automatically receive their cash dividends in United States dollars ("US\$") while shareholders registered under the Hong Kong branch register of members will automatically receive their cash dividends in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). The HK\$ equivalent of the interim dividend is HK\$0.05 per share which is based on the exchange rate of US\$ against HK\$ at US\$1.00 to HK\$7.824 on 18 November 2019, being the business day preceding the date of dividend declaration.

In order to qualify for the entitlement to the above mentioned interim dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on 3 December 2019. The register of members of the Company will be closed from 4 December 2019 to 6 December 2019 (both dates inclusive).

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 30 September 2019, the interests and short positions of the directors of the Company (the "Directors") in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HK Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the HK Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") are as follows:

中期股息及暫停辦理股份過戶登記 手續

於2019年11月19日,本公司董事會(「董 事會」)宣派本公司截至2019年9月30日 止六個月之中期股息,每股普通股0.64美 仙。中期股息將於2019年12月24日或前 後派付予於2019年12月6日名列本公司股 東名冊的股東。於開曼群島主要股東名冊 登記之股東將會自動以美元收取彼等之現 金股息,而於香港股東名冊分冊登記之股 東將自動以港元收取彼等之現金股息。以 港元派付之中期股息按2019年11月18日 (即宣派股息日前一個營業日)美元兑港元 之滙率1.00美元對7.824港元換算,即每 股0.05港元。

為確定符合獲派上述中期股息資格,所有 轉讓文件連同有關之股票須於2019年12月 3日下午4時30分前送達本公司之香港股 份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公 司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合 和中心17樓1712至1716號舖辦理股份過 戶登記手續。本公司將由2019年12月4日 至2019年12月6日(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦 理股份過戶登記手續。

董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相 聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券之權 益及淡倉

於2019年9月30日,本公司董事(「董事」) 於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港 法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及 債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條 規定須存置之登記冊內所載,或根據香港 聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)附錄十就上市公司董事進行證券交 易的標準守則(「標準守則」)另行知會本公 司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交 所」)之權益及淡倉如下:

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (continued)

(i) Interests in the Company (long position)

董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相 聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券之權 益及淡倉*(續)*

0.0007%

(i) 於本公司的權益(好倉)

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Beneficial interests 實益權益	Family interests 家族權益	Interests in controlled corporations 受控制 公司權益		Approximate % of the issued share capital of the Company ⁽¹⁾ 佔本公司已發行 總數 股本的概約百分比 ⁽¹⁾
Tsai Eng-Meng	蔡衍明		154,000,000 ⁽²⁾	6,143,843,100 ⁽³⁾	6,297,843,	100 50.6965%
Liao Ching-Tsun	廖清圳	90,200				200 0.0007%
Tsai Wang-Chia	蔡旺家	42,000		101,300,000 (4)	101,342,	000 0.8158%
Huang Yung-Sung	黃永松	22,100			22,	100 0.0002%
Chu Chi-Wen	朱紀文	197,200			197,	200 0.0016%
Tsai Shao-Chung	蔡紹中			100,000,000 ⁽⁵⁾	100,000,	000 0.8050%
Maki Haruo	槇春夫	1,000,000			1,000,	0.0080%
Cheng Wen-Hsien	鄭文憲	76,600		463,086,040 ⁽⁶⁾	463,162,	640 3.7284%
Tsai Ming-Hui	蔡明輝	57,200			57,	200 0.0005%
Lai Hong Yee	黎康儀	8,000			8,	000 0.0001%
(ii) Interests in an (long position		l corporation c	of the Company	× /	本公司相聯 ·倉)	送團的權益
						Approximate
				Nu	mber of	% of total issued
	Name of the	•		C	ordinary	share capital of the
Name of Director	associated	corporation	Nature of interest	s sha	res held	associated corporation
						佔有關相聯法團已發行
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	爭	權益性質	持有普致	通股數目	股本總數概約百分比

 董事姓名
 相聯法團名稱
 權益性質
 持有普通股數目
 股本

 Tsai Shao-Chung
 Want Want Holdings Ltd.
 Beneficial interests
 9,665

 蔡紹中
 旺旺控股有限公司
 實益權益

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (continued) Notes:

- Based on the Company's issued share capital as at 30 September 2019, comprising 12,422,637,135 shares.
- (2) These shares are beneficially owned by Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng's children under the age of 18.
- (3) These shares are directly held by Want Power Holdings Limited ("WPHL") and Norwares Overseas Inc. ("NOI") as to 5,080,063,100 shares and 1,063,780,000 shares respectively. Both WPHL and NOI are wholly-owned by Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng.
- (4) These shares are directly held by ThemePark Dome Limited, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Tsai Wang-Chia.
- (5) These shares are directly held by Twitcher Limited, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Tsai Shao-Chung.
- (6) These shares are directly held by Mr Big Capital Limited and Mr Big Limited as to 163,596,040 shares and 299,490,000 shares respectively. Mr Big Capital Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Cheng Wen-Hsien. Mr. Cheng is also the controlling shareholder of Mr Big Limited holding 60% of its shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2019, none of the Directors nor the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any of the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the HK Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, their spouses or children under the age of 18 had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相 聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券之權 益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- (1) 根據本公司於2019年9月30日之已發行 股本,包括12,422,637,135股股份。
- (2) 該等股份由蔡衍明先生未滿18歲的子女 實益擁有。
- (3) 該等股份為分別由Want Power Holdings Limited(「WPHL」)及Norwares Overseas Inc.(「NOI」)直接持有的 5,080,063,100股及1,063,780,000股股份。WPHL及NOI均由蔡衍明先生全資擁 有。
- (4) 該等股份由ThemePark Dome Limited直 接持有,而該公司由蔡旺家先生全資擁 有。
- (5) 該等股份由 Twitcher Limited 直接持有, 而該公司由蔡紹中先生全資擁有。
- (6) 該等股份為分別由Mr Big Capital Limited及Mr Big Limited直接持有的 163,596,040股及299,490,000股股份。 Mr Big Capital Limited由鄭文憲先生全資 擁有。鄭先生是Mr Big Limited的控股股 東並持有其60%股份。

除上述所披露者外,於2019年9月30日, 概無任何本公司董事或最高行政人員於本 公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期 貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券 中擁有任何根據證券及期貨條例第352條 規定存置之登記冊內所載,或根據標準守 則另行知會本公司及香港聯交所之權益或 淡倉。

除上述所披露者外,概無本公司董事或最 高行政人員或其配偶或未滿18歲子女擁有 任何權利以認購本公司之證券或行使任何 此等權利。

OTHER PERSON'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 September 2019, insofar as the Directors are aware, the interests and short positions of other person, other than any Director or the chief executive of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the HK Stock Exchange, are as follows:

其他人士持有本公司股份及相關股份 之權益及淡倉

於2019年9月30日,就董事所悉,根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須存置之登記 冊內所載,或另行知會本公司及香港聯交 所者,其他人士(本公司董事或最高行政 人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁 有之權益及淡倉載列如下:

登記冊中的本公司股份或相關股份之權益

或淡倉。

Interests in the Company (long position)

於本公司的權益(好倉)

Nan 名稱		Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 持有普通股數目		Approximate % of the issued share capital of the Company ⁽¹⁾ 佔本公司已發行 股本的概約百分比 ⁽¹⁾
伯件	1	3 W	讨伯	自迪放数日	放平的城豹百刀比
WPI	HL	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5,0	80,063,100 ⁽²⁾	40.8936%
NOI		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,063,780,000 ⁽²⁾		8.5632%
Note	es:		附註	:	
(1)	(1) Based on the Company's 12,422,637,135 shares in issue as at 30 September 2019.		(1)	根據於2019年 份12,422,637,	9月30日本公司已發行股 135股計算。
(2) The shares held by WPHL and NOI were beneficially owned by Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng and are the same shares as disclosed as Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng's interests in controlled corporations as set out under the heading "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation" above.			(2)	明先生實益擁4 事及最高行政 團之股份、相	NOI所持有的股份均由蔡衍 有,而該等股份為上文「董 人員於本公司及其相聯法 關股份及債券之權益及淡 引先生所披露之受控制公司 司股份。
Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2019, the Company has not been notified by any persons (other than Directors and the chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which requires disclosure to the Company under the provisions of Part		概無 員附 貨修	ᡯ任何人士(本 余外)曾知會本 孫例第ⅩⅤ部份須	,於2019年9月30日, 公司董事或最高行政人 公司擁有根據證券及期 向本公司披露或根據證 36條須存置於本公司之	

be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the six months ended 30 September 2019, the Company repurchased a total of 26,650,000 shares on the HK Stock Exchange for an aggregate amount (excluding expenses) of HK\$162,322,352 and such repurchased shares were cancelled. Particulars of the shares repurchased on the HK Stock Exchange during the period are as follows:

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至2019年9月30日止六個月期間,本 公司在香港聯交所以總額(不包括費用) 162,322,352港元購回合共26,650,000股 股份,該等已購回之股份均已註銷。期間 於香港聯交所購回股份之詳情如下:

Month of repurchases	購回月份	Total number of shares repurchased 購回股份總數	Highest price paid per share 支付每股 最高價 (HK\$) (港元)	Lowest price paid per share 支付每股 最低價 (HK\$) (港元)	Aggregate amount paid (excluding expenses) 支付總額 (不包括費用) (HK\$) (港元)
April 2019 May 2019	2019年4月 2019年5月	160,000 26,490,000	6.19 6.22	6.14 5.94	984,912 161,337,440
		26,650,000			162,322,352

Subsequent to the balance sheet date of 30 September 2019 and up to the date of this interim report, the Company repurchased a total of 7,453,000 shares on the HK Stock Exchange for an aggregate amount (excluding expenses) of HK\$46,943,859.40. Such repurchased shares were subsequently cancelled in October 2019. The number of issued shares of the Company as at the date of this interim report is 12,415,184,135 shares. Particulars of the shares repurchased on the HK Stock Exchange after the balance sheet date are as follows: 於2019年9月30日資產負債表日期後直 至本中期報告日期,本公司在香港聯交 所以總額(不包括費用)46,943,859.40港 元購回合共7,453,000股股份,該等已購 回之股份已在2019年10月註銷。於本中 期報告日期,本公司已發行股份數目為 12,415,184,135股。於資產負債表日期後 在香港聯交所購回股份之詳情如下:

Month of repurchases	購回月份	Total number of shares repurchased 購回股份總數	Highest price paid per share 支付每股 最高價 (HK\$)	Lowest price paid per share 支付每股 最低價 (HK\$)	Aggregate amount paid (excluding expenses) 支付總額 (不包括費用) (HK\$)
			(港元)	(港元)	(港元)
October 2019	2019年10月	7,453,000	6.35	6.18	46,943,859.40

Aggregate

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES (continued)

The Directors of the Company believe that the above repurchases are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders and that such repurchases would lead to an enhancement of the earnings per share of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities (including the Bonds) of the Company during the six months ended 30 September 2019 and up to the date of this interim report.

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules regarding directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiries have been made with our Directors, and all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 September 2019.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the six months ended 30 September 2019, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as stated in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for the deviations from the code provisions A.2.1 and A.4.1. The reasons for these deviations are explained below.

Code provision A.2.1

Code provision A.2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same person. The Company deviates from this provision because Mr. Tsai Eng-Meng performs both the roles of chairman and chief executive. Mr. Tsai is the founder of the Group and has over 40 years of experience in the food and beverages industry. Given the current stage of development of the Group, the Board believes that vesting the two roles in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership and facilitates the implementation and execution of the Group's business strategies. The Group shall nevertheless review the structure from time to time in light of the prevailing circumstances.

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券 (續)

本公司董事相信上述股份回購乃符合本公 司及其股東之最佳利益,並可提高本公司 之每股盈利。

截至2019年9月30日止六個月及直至本中 期報告日期,除以上披露外,本公司或其 任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何 本公司之上市證券(包括債券)。

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十就董事進行 證券交易之標準守則。本公司已向每位董 事作特定查詢,並獲得所有董事確認,彼 等於截至2019年9月30日止六個月期間已 遵守標準守則所訂之標準。

企業管治常規

截至2019年9月30日止六個月期間,本公 司已遵守上市規則附錄十四企業管治守則 (「企業管治守則」)所載之守則條文規定, 惟關於守則條文第A.2.1條及第A.4.1條有 所偏離除外。該等偏離之原因將於下文進 一步説明。

守則條文第A.2.1條

根據守則條文第A.2.1條,主席與行政總 裁的角色應予區分,不應由一人同時兼 任。由於蔡衍明先生擔任主席兼行政總裁 兩個職務,故本公司偏離此條文。蔡先生 為本集團之創辦人,於食品及飲料方面擁 有逾40年經驗。考慮到本集團目前之發展 階段,董事會認為,由一人同時兼任主席 與行政總裁,在實施並執行本集團的業務 策略時,可為本公司提供強大而貫徹之領 導。然而,本集團將根據屆時情況不時檢 討現行架構。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

(continued)

Code provision A.4.1

Code provision A.4.1 provides that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The Company deviates from this provision because the nonexecutive Directors and independent non-executive Directors of the Company do not currently have specific terms of appointment. However, the articles of association of the Company provide that all the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being or, if the number is not a multiple of three, then, the number nearest to but not less than onethird, shall retire from office by rotation and offer themselves for re-election. As such, the Board considers that sufficient measures have been put in place to ensure the Company's corporate governance practice in this aspect provides sufficient protection for the interests of shareholders to a standard commensurate with that of the CG Code.

The Company will periodically review and improve its corporate governance practices with reference to the latest corporate governance developments.

Prior non-compliance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules

Following the passing away of Mr. Lee Kwang-Chou, an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the audit and risk management committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company, on 19 June 2019, the Company was not in compliance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules, which stipulates that the Company must appoint independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company and a member of each of the audit and risk management committee, the remuneration committee, the nomination committee and the strategy committee of the Company, with effect from 21 August 2019. Following the appointment of Mr. Pan, the Company has been in compliance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

企業管治常規(續)

守則條文第A.4.1條

根據守則條文第A.4.1條,非執行董事應以 指定任期聘任並須接受重選。由於目前本 公司之非執行董事及獨立非執行董事並無 指定任期,故本公司偏離此條文。然而, 根據本公司之公司組織章程細則,所有董 事至少每3年須輪席退任一次。於每屆股 東週年大會上,當時三分之一之在任董事 (倘人數並非三之倍數,則最接近但不少 於三分之一之人數)須輪值卸任並膺選連 任。因此,董事會認為此方面已採取足夠 措施確保本公司之企業管治常規可充分保 障股東之權益,並符合企業管治守則所規 定的標準。

本公司將參考企業管治的最新發展定期檢 討及提升其企業管治常規。

過往未遵守上市規則第3.10A條

於本公司獨立非執行董事及審核及風險管 理委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會之成 員李光舟先生於2019年6月19日逝世後, 本公司未符合上市規則第3.10A 條,該條 規則規定本公司所委任的獨立非執行董事 必須佔董事會成員人數至少三分之一。

潘志強先生已獲委任為本公司獨立非執行 董事、審核及風險管理委員會、薪酬委員 會、提名委員會及策略委員會各自之成 員,自2019年8月21日起生效。緊隨對 潘先生的任命,本公司已符合上市規則第 3.10A條。

APPENDIX 16 TO THE LISTING RULES

According to paragraph 40 of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules headed "Disclosure of Financial Information", save as disclosed herein, the Company confirms that the Company's current information in relation to those matters set out in paragraph 32 of Appendix 16 has not been changed significantly from the information disclosed in the Company's 2018/2019 Annual Report.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The audit and risk management committee comprises five independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Toh David Ka Hock (chairman), Dr. Pei Kerwei, Mr. Hsieh Tien-Jen, Mr. Lee Kwok Ming and Mr. Pan Chih-Chiang.

The unaudited interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2019 have been reviewed by the audit and risk management committee and PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditor of the Company, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagement 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

On behalf of the Board

Tsai Eng-Meng Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 19 November 2019

上市規則附錄十六

根據上市規則附錄十六《財務資料的披露》 之第40段,除了在此報告已作披露者外, 本公司確認有關附錄十六第32段所列事宜 的現有本公司資料與本公司2018/2019年 報所披露的資料並無重大變動。

審核及風險管理委員會

審核及風險管理委員會由5名獨立非執行 董事卓家福先生(主席)、貝克偉博士、 謝天仁先生、李國明先生及潘志強先生組 成。

本集團截至2019年9月30日止六個月之未 經審核中期業績已由本公司審核及風險管 理委員會及本公司外聘核數師羅兵咸永道 會計師事務所根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港審閱聘用準則第2410號「由實體的獨 立核數師執行中期財務資料審閱」進行審 閱。

代表董事會

主席及行政總裁 **蔡衍明**

香港,2019年11月19日

